

Management's Discussions and Analysis

For the three and six months ended
June 30, 2024

The following management discussion and analysis ("MD&A") of the consolidated operations and financial position of Osisko Gold Royalties Ltd and its subsidiaries (together, "Osisko" or the "Company") for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 should be read in conjunction with the Company's unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements and related notes for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024. The unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements. Management is responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements and other financial information relating to the Company included in this report. The Board of Directors is responsible for ensuring that management fulfills its responsibilities for financial reporting. In furtherance of the foregoing, the Board of Directors has appointed an Audit and Risk Committee composed of independent directors. The Audit and Risk Committee meets with management and the auditors in order to discuss results of operations and the financial condition of the Company prior to making recommendations and submitting the consolidated financial statements to the Board of Directors for its consideration and approval for issuance to shareholders. The information included in this MD&A is as of August 6, 2024, the date when the Board of Directors has approved the Company's unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 following the recommendation of the Audit and Risk Committee. All monetary amounts included in this report are expressed in Canadian dollars, the Company's reporting and functional currency, unless otherwise noted. Assets and liabilities of the subsidiaries that have a functional currency other than the Canadian dollar are translated into Canadian dollars at the exchange rate in effect on the consolidated balance sheet date and revenues and expenses are translated at the average exchange rate over the reporting period. This MD&A contains forward-looking statements and should be read in conjunction with the risk factors described in the "Forward-Looking Statements" section.

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Description of the Business

Osisko is engaged in the business of acquiring and managing royalties, streams and similar interests on precious metals and other commodities that fit the Company's risk/reward objectives. The Company owns a portfolio of royalties, streams, offtakes, options on royalty/stream financings and exclusive rights to participate in future royalty/stream financings on various projects. The Company's cornerstone asset is a 3-5% net smelter return ("NSR") royalty on the Canadian Malartic Complex, located in Québec, Canada.

Osisko is a public company domiciled in the Province of Québec, Canada, whose shares trade on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") and the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") and is constituted under the *Business Corporations Act* (Québec). The address of its registered office is 1100, avenue des Canadiens-de-Montréal, Suite 300, Montréal, Québec.

Business Model and Strategy

Osisko is focused on acquiring high-quality, long-life precious metals royalty and stream assets located in favourable jurisdictions and operated by established mining companies. The Company has deployed capital to finance, through the acquisition of metal royalty and stream assets, exploration, development, new mine construction, expansions, counterparty debt reduction and acquisitions. Osisko endeavours to provide investors with lower-risk precious metals exposure via a geographically and operationally diversified asset base. The Company aims to maintain a strong balance sheet to allow it to readily deploy capital into new investment opportunities.

Highlights

Second Quarter of 2024

- 20,068 gold equivalent ounces ("GEOs¹") earned (24,645 GEOs in Q2 2023²);
- Revenues from royalties and streams of \$64.8 million (\$60.5 million in Q2 2023);
- Cash flows generated by operating activities of \$52.3 million (\$47.4 million in Q2 2023);
- Net loss of \$21.1 million, \$0.11 per basic share (net earnings of \$18.0 million, \$0.10 per basic share in Q2 2023), as a result of a non-cash impairment loss of \$67.8 million on the Eagle Gold royalty, representing 100% of the net book value on June 30, 2024 (\$49.9 million, net of income taxes);
- Adjusted earnings³ of \$33.2 million, \$0.18 per basic share (\$27.2 million, \$0.15 per basic share in Q2 2023);
- Repayment of \$44.2 million under the revolving credit facility and extension of the maturity date from September 29, 2026 to April 30, 2028;
- Cash balance of \$65.7 million and debt outstanding of \$109.0 million as at June 30, 2024;
- Publication of the fourth edition of the Company's sustainability report, Growing Responsibly and the 2024 Asset Handbook; and
- Declaration of a quarterly dividend of \$0.065 per common share paid on July 15, 2024 to shareholders of record as of the close of business on June 28, 2024, an increase of 8%.

Subsequent to June 30, 2024

- First delivery of copper received by Osisko Bermuda Ltd ("Osisko Bermuda") from Metals Acquisition Limited under the CSA copper stream for a total of approximately 74 tonnes of copper (approximately 164,000 pounds), or approximately 300 GEOs:
- Execution of a definitive agreement by Osisko Bermuda for a 6% gold stream (until 225,000 ounces are delivered, and then 3.6% thereafter) on SolGold plc's ("SolGold") Cascabel copper-gold development project in Ecuador for a total of US\$225.0 million, mostly payable upon achieving certain milestones;
- First payment received from Agnico Eagle Mines Ltd. ("Agnico Eagle") under the Akasaba West 2.5% NSR royalty (partial coverage);
- Additional repayments of \$13.8 million (US\$10.0 million) on the revolving credit facility;
- Appointment of Ms. Wendy Louie to the Company's Board of Directors as an Independent Director; and
- Declaration of a quarterly dividend of \$0.065 per common share payable on October 15, 2024 to shareholders of record as of the close of business on September 30, 2024.

GEOs are calculated on a quarterly basis and include royalties and streams. Silver ounces and copper tonnes earned from royalty and stream agreements are converted to gold equivalent ounces by multiplying the silver ounces or copper tonnes by the average silver price per ounce or copper price per tonne for the period and dividing by the average gold price per ounce for the period. Diamonds, other metals and cash royalties are converted into gold equivalent ounces by dividing the associated revenue by the average gold price per ounce for the period. For average metal prices used, refer to the *Portfolio of Royalty, Stream and Other Interests* section of this MD&A.

² Three months ended June 30, 2023 ("Q2 2023").

^{3 &}quot;Adjusted earnings" and "Adjusted earnings per basic share" are non-IFRS financial performance measures which have no standard definition under IFRS Accounting Standards. Refer to the non-IFRS measures provided under the Non-IFRS Financial Performance Measures section of this MD&A.

Revised Guidance for 2024

As reported on June 24, 2024, Victoria Gold Corp. ("Victoria") announced a slope failure of its heap leach facility at the Eagle Gold mine and operations have been suspended. As a result, Osisko does not expect to receive any deliveries under its royalty rights for the second half of the year (refer to the *Portfolio of Royalty, Stream and Other Interests* section of this MD&A for more details, and, consequently, has revised its guidance for 2024 to a range of 77,000 to 83,000 GEOs (from 82,000 to 92,000 GEOs). The revised guidance also considers the slower ramp-up to 20,000 tonnes per day ("tpd") capacity at the Mantos Blancos mine. The expected 2024 average cash margin is expected to be between 96% and 97%.

Osisko's 2024 revised guidance on royalty and stream interests is largely based on publicly available forecasts from our operating partners. When publicly available forecasts on properties are not available, Osisko obtains internal forecasts from the producers or uses management's best estimate.

For the 2024 guidance, deliveries of silver, copper, and cash royalties have been converted to GEOs using commodity prices based on consensus price estimates and a gold/silver price ratio of 83:1.

Corporate Update

On August 6, 2024, Ms. Wendy Louie was appointed to the Company's Board of Directors as an Independent Director. Ms. Louie is a Canadian Chartered Professional Accountant with over 25 years of diverse finance and leadership experience focused primarily on the mining industry. Ms. Louie was the Vice President Finance and Chief Financial Officer of Sabina Gold and Silver Corp. until its acquisition by B2Gold Corp. in April 2023. Prior to that, Ms. Louie also held several senior management roles at Goldcorp Inc. from 2006 to 2016 serving as Vice President Finance, Vice President Reporting and Assistant Controller. From 2004 to 2006, Ms. Louie was also a Senior Tax Manager at Ernst & Young and from 1995 to 2004, she held various finance positions with Duke Energy Canada. Ms. Louie currently serves as an Independent Director for Liberty Gold Corp.

Portfolio of Royalty, Stream and Other Interests

The following table details the GEOs earned by the Company's producing royalty, stream and other interests for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2024:

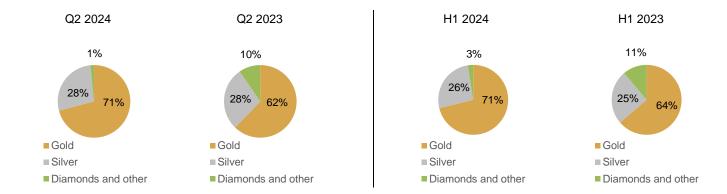
	Thi	ree months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Gold					
Canadian Malartic Complex royalty	8,354	8,836	17,530	16,438	
Eagle Gold royalty (i)	1,203	2,046	2,857	4,047	
Éléonore royalty	1,343	1,399	2,604	2,967	
Seabee royalty	734	447	1,624	993	
Island Gold royalty	692	714	1,374	1,636	
Ermitaño royalty	627	481	1,147	952	
Lamaque royalty	377	370	907	844	
Bald Mountain royalty	418	220	848	509	
Pan royalty	239	412	634	832	
Fruta del Norte royalty	91	123	179	231	
San Antonio stream	-	149	-	519	
Others	138	138	406	466	
	14,216	15,335	30,110	30,434	
Silver					
Mantos Blancos stream	2,213	3,715	5,140	7,098	
CSA stream (ii)	1,412	1,527	2,555	1,527	
Sasa stream	1,175	1,000	2,043	1,957	
Gibraltar stream	643	581	1,270	1,201	
Canadian Malartic Complex royalty	43	54	87	117	
Others	42	64	83	104	
	5,528	6,941	11,178	12,004	
<u>Diamonds</u>					
Renard stream (iii)	288	2,414	985	5,122	
Others	6	['] 7	7	48	
	294	2,421	992	5,170	
Other metals		,		,	
Kwale royalty and others	30	(52)	47	148	
Total GEOs	20,068	24,645	42,327	47,756	

i) As reported on June 24, 2024, Victoria announced a slope failure of its heap leach facility at the Eagle Gold mine and operations have been suspended. Please refer to the *Portfolio of Royalty, Stream and Other Interests* section of this MD&A for more details.

⁽ii) The CSA silver stream was acquired on June 15, 2023, with an effective date of February 1, 2023. Revenues related to the ounces earned between February 1, 2023 and June 15, 2023 were recognized in the third quarter of 2023 when the silver ounces were received and sold by Osisko Bermuda, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

⁽iii) Until April 30, 2022, GEOs from the Renard diamond stream were excluded when presenting Osisko's total attributable GEOs because cash flows from the Renard diamond stream were reinvested through a bridge loan with the operator until that date. On October 27, 2023, Stornoway Diamonds (Canada) Inc. ("Stornoway"), the operator of the Renard diamond mine, announced it was temporarily suspending operations and placing itself under the protection of the Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act ("CCAA"). In January 2024, Osisko received a partial repayment of \$1.9 million from the bridge loan and subsequently recognized the GEOs that were not recognized at the time the proceeds from the diamonds stream were reinvested. In the second quarter of 2024, a small number of diamonds were sold as part of the care and maintenance plan.

GEOs by Product



Metal Prices and Exchange Rates

	Three months ended June 30,				Six	x months end	ed June 30,	
		2024 2023				2024		2023
	Realized	Average	Realized	Average	Realized	Average	Realized	Average
Gold ⁽ⁱ⁾ Silver ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	\$2,346 \$28.70	\$2,338 \$28.84	\$1,973 \$24.13	\$1,976 \$24.13	\$2,203 \$26.10	\$2,203 \$26.07	\$1,931 \$22.98	\$1,932 \$23.31
Exchange rate (US\$/Can\$)(iii)	n/a	1.3683	n/a	1.3428	n/a	1.3586	n/a	1.3477

⁽i) The average price represents the London Bullion Market Association's PM price in U.S. dollars per ounce.

⁽ii) The average price represents the London Bullion Market Association's price in U.S. dollars per ounce.

⁽iii) Bank of Canada daily rate.

Royalty, Stream and Other Interests Portfolio Overview

As at August 6, 2024, Osisko owned a portfolio of 170 royalties, 14 streams and 4 offtakes, as well as 7 royalty options. Currently, the Company has 20 producing assets.

Portfolio by asset stage

Asset stage	Royalties	Streams	Offtakes	Total number of assets
Producing	15	5	-	20
Development	15	8	2	25
Exploration and evaluation	140	1	2	143
	170	14	4	188

Producing assets

Asset	Operator	Interest (i)	Commodity	Jurisdiction
North America				
Akasaba West (ii)	Agnico Eagle Mines Limited	2.5% NSR royalty	Au, Cu	Canada
Bald Mtn. Alligator Ridge / Duke & Trapper	Kinross Gold Corporation	1% / 4% GSR (iii) royalty	Au	USA
Canadian Malartic Complex	Agnico Eagle Mines Limited	3 – 5% NSR royalty	Au, Ag	Canada
Éléonore	Newmont Corporation	1.8 – 3.5% NSR royalty	Au	Canada
Ermitaño	First Majestic Silver Corp.	2% NSR royalty	Au, Ag	Mexico
Gibraltar	Taseko Mines Limited	87.5% stream	Ag	Canada
Island Gold	Alamos Gold Inc.	1.38 – 3% NSR royalty	Au	Canada
Lamaque	Eldorado Gold Corporation	1% NSR royalty	Au	Canada
Macassa TH	Agnico Eagle Mines Limited	1% NSR royalty	Au	Canada
Pan	Calibre Mining Corp.	4% NSR royalty	Au	USA
Parral	GoGold Resources Inc.	2.4% stream	Au, Ag	Mexico
Santana	Minera Alamos Inc.	3% NSR royalty	Au	Mexico
Seabee	SSR Mining Inc.	3% NSR royalty	Au	Canada
Outside of North America				
Brauna	Lipari Mineração Ltda	1% GRR (iv)	Diamonds	Brazil
CSA	Metals Acquisition Limited	100% stream 3.0 – 4.875% stream ^(v)	Ag, Cu	Australia
Dolphin Tungsten (vi)	Group 6 Metals Limited	1.5% GRR	Tungsten (W)	Australia
Fruta del Norte	Lundin Gold Inc.	0.1% NSR royalty	Au	Ecuador
Mantos Blancos	Capstone Copper Corp.	100% stream	Ag	Chile
Sasa	Central Asia Metals plc	100% stream	Ag	North Macedonia
Tocantinzinho (vii)	G Mining Ventures Corp.	0.75% NSR royalty	Au	Brazil

Key exploration/evaluation and development assets

Asset	Operator	Interest	Commodities	Jurisdiction
Altar	Aldebaran and Sibanye- Stillwater	1% NSR royalty	Cu, Au	Argentina
Arctic	South32 / Trilogy Metals Inc.	1% NSR royalty	Cu	USA
Antakori	Regulus Resources Inc.	0.75% - 1.5% NSR royalty	Cu, Au	Peru
Back Forty	Gold Resource Corporation	18.5% Au / 85% Ag streams	Au, Ag	USA
Bralorne	Talisker Resources Ltd.	1.7% NSR royalty	Au	Canada
Cariboo	Osisko Development Corp.	5% NSR royalty	Au	Canada
Cascabel	SolGold plc	6% stream 0.6% NSR royalty	Au Cu, Au	Ecuador
Casino	Western Copper & Gold Corporation	2.75% NSR royalty	Au, Ag, Cu	Canada
Cerro del Gallo	Alamos Gold Inc.	3% NSR royalty	Au, Ag, Cu	Mexico
Copperwood	Highland Copper Company Inc.	1.5% NSR royalty 3/26 th NSR royalty	Cu Ag	USA
Corvette	Patriot Battery Metals Inc.	2% NSR royalty	Lithium (Li)	Canada
Eagle Gold (viii)	Victoria Gold Corp.	5% NSR royalty	Au	Canada
Hammond Reef	Agnico Eagle Mines Limited	2% NSR royalty	Au	Canada
Hermosa	South32 Limited	1% NSR royalty on sulphide ores	Zn, Pb, Ag	USA
Horne 5	Falco Resources Ltd.	90% - 100% stream	Ag	Canada
Kandiolé	Roscan Gold Corp.	1% NSR royalty	Au	Mali
Magino (ix)	Alamos Gold Inc.	3% NSR royalty	Au	Canada
Marban	O3 Mining Inc.	0.435-2% NSR royalty	Au	Canada
Marimaca	Marimaca Copper Corp.	1% NSR royalty	Cu	Chile
Namdini	Shandong Gold Co Ltd.	1% NSR royalty	Au	Ghana
Pine Point	JV between Osisko Metals Inc. and Appian Natural Resources Fund III	3% NSR royalty	Zn	Canada
San Antonio	Osisko Development Corp.	15% stream	Au, Ag	Mexico
Spring Valley (x)	Waterton Global Resource Management	0.5 – 3.5% NSR royalty	Au	USA
Upper Beaver	Agnico Eagle Mines Limited	2% NSR royalty	Au, Cu	Canada
West Kenya	Shanta Gold Limited	2% NSR royalty	Au	Kenya
Wharekirauponga (WKP)	OceanaGold Corporation	2% NSR royalty	Au	New Zealand
White Pine	White Pine Copper LLC	1.5% NSR royalty 3/26 th NSR royalty	Cu Ag	USA
Windfall	Osisko Mining Inc. (50%) Gold Fields Limited (50%)	2.0 – 3.0% NSR royalty	Au	Canada

⁽i) (ii) (iii) (iv) Excluding tail royalties and streams reduction, when applicable.

The royalty covers less than half of the planned open-pit mine surface area.

Gross smelter return ("GSR").

Gross revenue royalty ("GRR").

Deliveries under the CSA copper stream commenced in early July 2024.

In July 2023, Group 6 Metals Limited announced that commercial production of tungsten was achieved at the Dolphin Tungsten mine and the first concentrate was

As reported on June 24, 2024, Victoria announced a slope failure of its heap leach facility at the Eagle Gold mine and operations have been suspended. Please refer to the Portfolio of Royalty, Stream and Other Interests section of this MD&A for more details.

The 3% NSR royalty covers a small portion of the currently proposed mine plan. Commercial production was declared at Magino in November 2023, but Osisko does not expect to receive royalty payments in the short term.

A 3-3.5% NSR royalty is applicable to the core resource area; a separate 0.5-2% NSR royalty is applicable on the periphery of the property.

Main Producing Assets



Geographical Distribution of Assets



Main Producing Assets - Updates

Canadian Malartic Royalty (Agnico Eagle Mines Limited)

The Company holds a 3-5% NSR royalty on the Canadian Malartic mine, which is located in Malartic, Québec. Osisko also holds a 5.0% NSR royalty on the East Gouldie and Odyssey South underground deposits, a 3.0% NSR royalty on the Odyssey North underground deposit and a 3.0-5.0% NSR royalty on the East Malartic underground deposit, which are located adjacent to the Canadian Malartic mine. The Canadian Malartic mine and the Odyssey mine now form the Canadian Malartic Complex. In addition, a \$0.40 per tonne milling fee is payable to Osisko on ore processed from any property that was not part of the Canadian Malartic property at the time of the sale of the mine in 2014.

Guidance - 2024

On February 15, 2024, Agnico Eagle reported production guidance of 615,000 to 645,000 ounces of gold at Canadian Malartic for the year 2024.

Update on operations

On July 31, 2024, Agnico Eagle reported gold production at the Canadian Malartic Complex of 180,871 ounces in the second quarter of 2024 compared to 177,755 ounces in the second quarter of 2023, as a result of higher mill throughput from strong operational performance at the Barnat pit and Odyssey mine, partially offset by lower gold grades from increased ore sourced from the low-grade stockpile.

At Odyssey South, total metres developed during the second quarter were a record at 3,870 metres. Gold production and mining rate were above plan at approximately 22,300 ounces of gold and 3,750 tpd, respectively. The strong operational performance was supported by higher than planned equipment availability and the addition of 65 tonne haulage trucks. Stope reconciliation at Odyssey South remains positive, primarily from the contribution of the internal zones, which resulted in approximately 13% more ounces of gold produced than anticipated during the second quarter. At the Canadian Malartic pit, the company continued the construction of the central berm (approximately 95% complete at June 30, 2024) in preparation for in-pit tailings disposal, which began in July 2024. An extended shutdown at the Canadian Malartic mill is planned for the third quarter of 2024 totalling 10 days (approximately an additional 5 days from the original plan) due to the acceleration of maintenance work on the tailings thickener drive assembly.

Update on exploration

On February 15, 2024, Agnico Eagle reported that expansion drilling resulted in the extension of the East Gouldie Inferred Mineral Resource laterally to the west by approximately 870 metres. On April 25, 2024, Agnico Eagle reported positive results to the east of the East Gouldie Mineral Resources, including 4.5 grams per tonne ("g/t") Au over 30.0 metres at 1,162 metres depth and 1,060 metres east of the current Mineral Reserves, and 3.1 g/t Au over 32.8 metres at 1,556 metres depth and 420 metres east of the lower portion of the East Gouldie Mineral Reserves. Drilling results demonstrate that the corridor remains open to the east with high potential to categorize a large area as Inferred Mineral Resources by year-end 2024. Highlight intercepts include 6.2 g/t Au over 6.7 metres at 1,300 metres depth to the west and 6.7 g/t Au over 13.5 metres at 1,470 metres depth to the east of the deposit. Agnico Eagle will continue to test the east and west extensions of the East Gouldie deposit in 2024, with the objective of potentially adding a new mining front. Agnico Eagle expects to spend approximately US\$20.4 million for 137,000 metres of drilling at the Canadian Malartic Complex in 2024. Exploration plans at the Odyssey mine includes 102,500 metres of drilling with five objectives: continued conversion drilling of East Gouldie Inferred Mineral Resources to Indicated Mineral Resources, testing the immediate extensions of East Gouldie, continued conversion drilling of the Odyssey South deposit of Inferred Mineral Resources to Indicated Mineral Resources in the Odyssey North deposit.

On July 31, 2024, Agnico Eagle announced that based on positive exploration results in the first half of 2024 at Canadian Malartic, the company has approved a supplemental budget of US\$16.5 million for 84,500 meters of drilling.

Update on Mineral Reserve and Resource Estimates

On February 15, 2024, Agnico Eagle reported an initial Probable Mineral Reserve of 5.2 million ounces of gold at the East Gouldie deposit (47 million tonnes grading 3.42 g/t Au). This resulted in an increase of reported Proven and Probable Mineral Reserves to 7.9 million ounces of gold at the Canadian Malartic Complex (142.3 million tonnes grading 1.73 g/t Au). Updated Measured and Indicated Resources include 1.1 million ounces of gold (17.4 million tonnes grading 1.88 g/t Au) and Inferred Resources include 9.5 million ounces of gold (138.9 million tonnes grading 2.12 g/t Au) as at December 31, 2023.

On June 20, 2023, Agnico Eagle provided results from an internal study on the Odyssey underground mine (the "2023 Odyssey Study") and exploration results from the Canadian Malartic Complex. The 2023 Odyssey Study highlighted a 23% increase in life-of-mine payable gold production from the Odyssey mine compared to the internal study from 2020. The 2023 Odyssey Study also outlined an extension of the mine life to 2042 with a mine plan that includes approximately 9.0 million ounces of gold, including 0.2 million ounces of gold in Probable Mineral Reserves (2.8 million tonnes grading 2.22 g/t Au), 4.8 million ounces of gold in Indicated Resources (45.5 million tonnes grading 3.31 g/t Au) and 4.0 million ounces of gold in Inferred Resources (53.5 million tonnes grading 2.32 g/t Au). The Mineral Reserve and Resource Estimates in the 2023 Odyssey Study are no longer current, however, the provided mine plan is the most recently published by Agnico Eagle and the global mineral inventory is generally consistent with the Mineral Reserve and Resource updated as at December 31, 2023.

For additional information, please refer to Agnico Eagle's press release dated June 20, 2023 entitled "Agnico Eagle Provides Update on Canadian Malartic Complex -Internal Study Demonstrates Improved Value, Extends Mine Life and Supports Potential Future Production Growth in the Abitibi Greenstone Belt; Positive Exploration Results Expected to Result in Increased Mineral Reserves and Mineral Resources; Additional Property Scale Targets Being Evaluated", Agnico Eagle's press releases dated February 15, 2024, entitled "Agnico Eagle Reports Fourth Quarter and Full Year 2023 Results – Record Quarterly and Annual Gold Production and Free Cash Flow; Record Mineral Reserves Increased 10.5%; Updated Three-Year Guidance" and "Agnico Eagle Provides an Update on 2023 Exploration Results and 2024 Exploration Plans – Mineral Reserves Up 10.5% Year-Over-Year to 54 Moz; Initial Mineral Reserve of 5.2 Moz Declared at East Gouldie; Initial Underground Mineral Resources Declared at Detour Lake of 1.6 Moz" and Agnico Eagle's press release dated July 31, 2024 entitled "Agnico Eagle Reports Second Quarter 2024 Results - Third Consecutive Quarter of Record Free Cash Flow Underpinned by Consistent, Strong Operational and Cost Performance; Upper Beaver Project Study Shows Solid Risk-Adjusted Returns", all filed on www.sedarplus.ca.

Mantos Blancos Stream (Capstone Copper Corp.)

Osisko, through Osisko Bermuda, owns a 100% silver stream on the Mantos Blancos mine, an open-pit mine located in the Antofagasta region of Chile. The Mantos Blancos mine is owned and operated by Capstone Copper Corp. ("Capstone").

Under the stream, Osisko Bermuda will receive refined silver equal to 100% of the payable silver from the Mantos Blancos mine until 19.3 million ounces have been delivered (6.1 million ounces have been delivered as at June 30, 2024), after which the stream percentage will be 40%. The purchase price for the silver under the Mantos Blancos stream is 8% of the monthly average silver market price for each ounce of refined silver sold and delivered and/or credited by Capstone to Osisko Bermuda.

Guidance - 2024

On January 24, 2024, Capstone reported that production volumes at Mantos Blancos are forecasted to increase in 2024 due to higher mill throughput. Mantos Blancos is currently focused on reliably achieving the installed capacity of 20,000 tpd. The company is executing on a plan to address plant stability that includes improved maintenance and optimization of the concentrator and tailings system.

On August 1, 2024, Capstone announced that although it reiterates its 2024 consolidated copper production guidance, it also noted that production is trending toward the lower end of the guidance range, primarily due to a slower ramp-up to 20,000 tpd capacity at Mantos Blancos.

Update on operations

On August 1, 2024, Capstone reported that second quarter production was 14% lower than the second quarter of 2023 due to lower grades and lower recoveries as a result of a short-term localized geotechnical issue that impacted mine sequencing. Lower production was also impacted by lower dump throughput in line with the 2024 plan. The activities to reach 20,000 tpd on a sustainable basis are progressing despite an approximate two-month delay relative to Capstone's prior plan due to longer equipment lead times. As a result, in June, daily ore throughput averaged 17,000 tpd and the variability of the milling process has been significantly reduced. During the third quarter of 2024, the installation and commissioning of a new holding tank and additional pumps in the tailings area, as well as other infrastructure improvements, is expected to further enhance the throughput levels at the concentrator plant and is expected to allow the achievement of the 20,000 tpd capacity consistently.

For additional information, please refer to Capstone's press release dated January 24, 2024, entitled "Capstone Copper Provides 2024 Guidance and Announces 2023 Production Results" and Capstone's press release dated August 1, 2024, entitled "Capstone Copper Reports Second Quarter 2024 Results", both filed on www.sedarplus.ca.

Eagle Gold Royalty (Victoria Gold Corp.)

Osisko owns a 5% NSR royalty on the Dublin Gulch property, situated in central Yukon Territory, Canada, which hosts the Eagle Gold mine, owned and operated by Victoria, on all metals until 97,500 ounces of gold have been delivered to Osisko and a 3% NSR royalty thereafter. As of March 31, 2024, a total of 31,305 ounces of gold have been delivered under the royalty agreement.

Guidance - 2024

On February 20, 2024, Victoria reported production guidance of 165,000 to 185,000 ounces of gold at the Eagle Gold mine for the year 2024. This guidance was retracted on July 4, 2024 following the heap leach pad incident (see below).

Heap leach facility failure

On June 24, 2024, Victoria announced that the heap leach facility at the Eagle Gold mine experienced a failure. Operations have been suspended while the site operations team, along with management and the Yukon government officials continue to assess the situation and gather information. Victoria has confirmed that there have been no fatalities or injuries to personnel associated with the incident. Victoria also confirmed that there had been some damage to infrastructure and a portion of the failure had left containment. Subsequently, on July 4, 2024, Victoria advised that it had received Notices of Default from its lenders under the Credit Agreement dated December 18, 2020. A default under the Eagle Royalty Agreement dated April 13, 2018 was also triggered and, consequently, Osisko provided a Notice of Default to Victoria on July 4, 2024. On July 12, 2024 and July 30, 2024, Victoria reported that there can be no assurance that the company will have the financial resources necessary to repair the damage to the equipment and facilities, to remediate the impacts caused by the incident or to restart production.

Impairment

The elements discussed above were considered indicators of impairment, among other facts and circumstances, and, accordingly, management performed an impairment assessment on its Eagle Gold mine royalty interest as at June 30, 2024. The recoverable amount, in accordance with IAS 36, was estimated to be \$nil at June 30, 2024 based on management's assessment of the facts and circumstances which include, amongst others, the complete halt of production, the social and political environment surrounding the incident, the capital requirements related to mitigation and site restoration, and the ability to restart operations with authorization from the Yukon Director of Mineral Resources or with the necessary financial resources. As a result, the Company recognized a full impairment loss of \$67.8 million (\$49.9 million, net of income taxes) on June 30, 2024.

In the event that there is a change in the facts and circumstances surrounding the situation at the Eagle Gold mine, and there is a restart of operations and resumption of precious metal deliveries to Osisko under its royalty agreement, a reassessment of the recoverable amount of the Eagle Gold mine royalty interest will be performed at that time, which may lead to a reversal of part or all of the impairment loss that has been recognized.

For additional information, please refer to Victoria's press release dated January 15, 2024, entitled "Victoria Gold: Eagle Gold Mine Annual and Fourth Quarter 2023 Production Results", Victoria's press release dated February 24, 2023 entitled "Victoria Gold: Eagle Gold Mine Updated Technical Report", Victoria's press release dated June 24, 2024 entitled "Victoria Gold: Eagle Gold Mine Heap Leach Pad Incident", Victoria's press release dated July 4, 2024 entitled "Victoria Gold Provides Update on Eagle Gold Mine Incident", Victoria's press release dated July 12, 2024, entitled "Victoria Gold: Update on Eagle Gold Mine" and Victoria's press release dated July 30, 2024, entitled "Victoria Gold: Update on HLF Incident Management", all filed on www.sedarplus.ca.

Éléonore Royalty (Newmont Corporation)

Osisko owns a sliding scale 1.8% to 3.5% NSR royalty on the Éléonore gold mine located in the Province of Québec and operated by Newmont Corporation ("Newmont"). Osisko currently receives a NSR royalty of 2.2% on production at the Éléonore mine.

Guidance - 2024

On February 22, 2024, Newmont reported production guidance of 270,000 ounces of gold at the Éléonore mine for the year 2024. Newmont also announced that the company is seeking to divest six non-core assets, including the Éléonore mine.

Update on operations

On July 24, 2024, Newmont announced production at Éléonore of 61,000 ounces of gold in the second quarter of 2024, compared to 48,000 ounces of gold in the second quarter of 2023.

Update on Reserve and Resource Estimates

On February 22, 2024, Newmont reported Proven and Probable Mineral Reserves at Éléonore comprising 8.9 million tonnes grading 5.38 g/t Au for 1.5 million ounces of gold as at December 31, 2023. This result is relatively stable compared to December 31, 2022 despite the 2023 production.

For additional information, please refer to Newmont's press release dated February 22, 2024, entitled "Newmont Announces 2023 Mineral Reserves for Integrated Company of 136 Million Gold Ounces with Robust Copper Optionality of 30 Billion Pounds" and Newmont's press release dated July 24, 2024 entitled "Newmont Reports Second Quarter 2024 Results", both filed on www.sedarplus.ca.

Sasa Stream (Central Asia Metals plc)

Osisko, through Osisko Bermuda, owns a 100% silver stream on the Sasa mine, operated by Central Asia Metals plc ("Central Asia") and located in North Macedonia. The Sasa mine is one of the largest zinc, lead and silver mines in Europe. Osisko Bermuda's entitlement under the Sasa stream applies to 100% of the payable silver production in exchange for US\$5 per ounce (plus refining costs) of refined silver delivered, increased for inflation annually from 2017 (US\$6.69 per ounce in 2024).

Update on operations

On July 11, 2024, Central Asia reported 174,916 ounces of payable silver to Osisko for the first half of 2024 compared to 167,919 ounces of silver in the first half of 2023.

During the first half of 2024, the paste backfill plant operated consistently, with approximately 130,000 tonnes of paste placed in the voids between the 990 and 910 metre levels and in the cut-and-fill production stopes on the 800 metre level. Some of these previously mined voids proved of greater volume than anticipated, requiring more paste fill, which in turn restricted initial stoping operations under the new mining method. However, this void-filling provides the necessary ground stability for current and future mining, whilst increasing the volume of tailings stored underground and thus further reducing the quantity that needs to be stored on surface. The first long-hole stopes have also been put into production, and additional stopes will follow during the second half of 2024 and in 2025.

For more information on the Sasa mine, refer to Central Asia's press release dated July 11, 2024, entitled "H1 2024 Operations Update", available on their website at www.centralasiametals.com.

Island Gold Royalty (Alamos Gold Inc.)

Osisko owns NSR royalties ranging from 1.38% to 3.00% on the Island Gold mine property (all of the current Mineral Resources and Reserves are covered by the royalties), operated by Alamos Gold Inc. ("Alamos") and located in Ontario, Canada.

Guidance - 2024

On January 10, 2024, Alamos reported its 2024 guidance for the Island Gold mine of 145,000 – 160,000 ounces of gold. Production guidance for Island Gold in 2024 is consistent with previous guidance and represents a 16% increase from 2023 production, reflecting higher grades expected to be mined. Grades are expected to increase further in 2025 and, combined with higher mining and processing rates towards the latter part of the year, are expected to drive an additional 16% increase in production.

Update on operations

On July 31, 2024, Alamos reported second quarter gold production from Island Gold of 41,700 ounces, a 37% increase from the prior year period, driven by a 51% increase in grades processed. Production for the first half of the year was 75,100 ounces, an 18% increase compared to the comparative period. Given the strong first half performance, Island Gold is well positioned to achieve annual guidance.

Underground mining rates averaged 1,042 tpd in the second quarter of 2024, a 6% decrease from the prior year period and below annual guidance of 1,200 tpd. Mining rates were lower earlier in the second quarter with the focus on maximizing the extraction of significantly higher grade ore within the 1025 mining horizon, as well as lower haul truck availability among older units in the fleet which are being replaced. Mining rates increased in the latter part of the quarter following the receipt of two new haul trucks.

Mining rates are expected to average similar levels in the third quarter reflecting planned downtime in the second half of July to upgrade the underground ventilation infrastructure. The ventilation upgrade was successfully completed during the last week of July with mining rates expected to increase to average 1,200 tpd in August and through the rest of the year. The upgrade to ventilation capacity was completed as part of the Phase 3+ Expansion and will support increased development rates in the near term and higher underground mining rates over the longer term following the completion of the expansion.

Grades mined averaged 14.14 g/t Au in the second quarter, 53% higher than in the prior year period, reflecting the planned mining of higher-grade stopes, as well as positive grade reconciliation. Grades are expected to return to within guided levels in the second half of the year. Mill throughput averaged 1,019 tpd for the second quarter, consistent with the lower mining rates in the quarter, but lower than the prior year period. Mill recoveries averaged 98% in the second quarter, exceeding annual guidance, reflecting the higher grades processed.

Update on expansion

On March 27, 2024, Alamos announced the friendly acquisition of Argonaut Gold Inc. ("Argonaut Gold") and its Magino gold mine and mill, located immediately adjacent to Alamos' Island Gold mine. The transaction closed on July 12, 2024.

Alamos' previously planned Phase 3+ mill and tailings facility expansion construction work at Island Gold is no longer required post the acquisition of the 10,000 tpd Magino mill, which is located two kilometres from the Island Gold shaft. Starting in 2025, ore from Island Gold is expected to be processed through the larger and more cost effective Magino mill, providing significant ongoing operating synergies.

On July 31, 2024, Alamos reported that construction of the Phase 3+ Expansion continued to progress during the second quarter of 2024. The Phase 3+ Expansion remains on schedule to be completed during the first half of 2026.

Alamos' expanded and accelerated mine plan at Island Gold is anticipated to transition a greater proportion of production towards Osisko's 2% and 3% NSR royalty boundaries earlier in the mine plan, as opposed to the mineral inventory covered by Osisko's 1.38% NSR royalty. A small fraction of the eastern limit of the Magino pit is covered by a 3% NSR royalty, with GEOs earned to Osisko expected from 2030 onwards. The underground exploration potential previously highlighted by Argonaut Gold on this claim is located less than 300 metres from the existing Island Gold underground infrastructure.

Update on Reserve and Resource Estimates

On February 20, 2024, Alamos announced that combined Mineral Reserves and Resources at Island Gold increased by 16% across all categories to 6.1 million ounces, net of depletion, as at December 31, 2023. Combined Mineral Reserves and Resources have now increased for eight consecutive years with grades also increasing substantially over that time frame. Including mining depletion to date, 7.5 million ounces have been discovered at Island Gold as it continues to establish itself as one of the highest-grade and fastest-growing deposits in the world. Proven and Probable Mineral Reserves increased 18% to 1.7 million ounces (5.2 million tonnes grading 10.30 g/t Au). This marked the eleventh consecutive year of Mineral Reserve growth. Mineral Reserve additions totaled 394,000 ounces, more than offsetting mining depletion of 134,000 ounces. The increase was driven by the conversion of existing Mineral Resources and discovery of new Mineral Reserves, the majority of which are in proximity to existing underground infrastructure.

Converted Mineral Resources were also more than replaced at higher grades reflecting significant additions near existing infrastructure. This included a 146% increase in Measured and Indicated Mineral Resources to 0.7 million ounces (2.6 million tonnes grading 8.73 g/t Au). Inferred Mineral Resources also increased 4% to 3.7 million ounces (7.9 million tonnes grading 14.58 g/t Au).

Update on exploration

On April 24, 2024, Alamos reported that the 2024 near mine exploration program will continue to focus on defining new Mineral Reserves and Resources in proximity to existing production horizons and underground infrastructure through both underground and surface exploration drilling.

A total of US\$19 million has been budgeted for exploration at Island Gold in 2024, up from US\$14 million in 2023 with both a larger near mine and regional exploration program.

On July 23, 2024, Alamos reported new results from underground and surface drilling at the Island Gold mine. Exploration drilling continues to extend high-grade gold mineralization across the Island Gold deposit, as well as within several hanging wall and footwall structures. Delineation and definition drilling has defined wide, higher-grade zones within the Island East area. This is expected to drive further growth in high-grade Mineral Reserves and Resources with the year-end update. Additionally, high-grade mineralization was intersected in the North Shear and the Webb Lake stock area, highlighting a longer-term, near-mine opportunity as a potential source of additional mill feed for the expanded Magino milling complex.

For more information, refer to Alamos' press release dated January 10, 2024 entitled "Alamos Gold Achieves Increased 2023 Guidance with Record Annual Production and Provides Three-Year Production and Operating Guidance", Alamos' press release dated February 13, 2024 entitled "Alamos Gold Intersects Additional High-Grade Mineralization Near Existing Infrastructure at Island Gold which is Expected to Drive Further Growth in Mineral Reserves and Resources", Alamos' press release dated February 20, 2024 entitled "Alamos Gold Reports Mineral Reserves and Resources for the Year-Ended 2023", Alamos' press release dated March 27, 2024 entitled "Alamos Gold Announces Friendly Acquisition of Argonaut Gold", Alamos' press release dated April 24, 2024 entitled "Alamos Gold Reports First Quarter 2024 Results", Alamos' press release dated July 12, 2024 entitled "Alamos Gold Announces Closing of Argonaut Gold Acquisition", Alamos' press release dated July 23, 2024 entitled "Alamos Gold Continues to Expand High-Grade Mineralization Near Existing Infrastructure Across the Island Gold Deposit Supporting Further Expected Growth in Mineral Reserves and Resources" and Alamos' press release dated July 31, 2024 entitled "Alamos Gold Reports Second Quarter 2024 Results – Record production and lower costs drive record free cash flow of \$107 million", all filed on www.sedarplus.ca.

CSA Streams (Metals Acquisition Limited)

Osisko Bermuda holds a silver stream and a copper stream on the CSA copper mine, operated by Metals Acquisition Limited ("Metals Acquisition"). Osisko Bermuda will purchase an amount of refined silver equal to 100% of the payable silver produced from CSA for the life of the mine and will make ongoing payments for refined silver delivered equal to 4% of the spot silver price at the time of delivery. Osisko Bermuda will also be entitled to receive refined copper equal to 3.0% of payable copper produced from CSA until the 5th anniversary of the closing date (June 15, 2023), then 4.875% of payable copper produced from CSA until 33,000 metric tonnes have been delivered in aggregate, and thereafter 2.25% of payable copper produced from CSA for the remaining life of the mine. Osisko Bermuda will make ongoing payments for refined copper delivered equal to 4% of the spot copper price at the time of delivery.

On July 17, 2023, Osisko Bermuda received its first delivery of silver. From February 1, 2023 to June 30, 2024, approximately 530,000 ounces of silver were purchased and sold by Osisko Bermuda under its CSA silver stream. The first delivery under the CSA copper stream to Osisko Bermuda was made in the first week of July 2024 for a total of approximately 74 tonnes of copper (164,000 pounds), or approximately 300 GEOs. These deliveries were not included in Osisko's reported second quarter of 2024 GEO deliveries.

Guidance - 2024 to 2026

On July 22, 2024, Metals Acquisition reiterated its 3-year guidance for copper production: between 38,000 to 43,000 tonnes in 2024, 43,000 to 48,000 tonnes in 2025 and 48,000 to 53,000 tonnes in 2026. The 3-year production guidance was based primarily on Reserves, but also on Measured and Indicated Mineral Resources (as at August 31, 2023) and, given that all the deposits are open and a large drill program is underway, Metals Acquisition considers it likely that there will be changes over the relevant period as the company's overall plan to continue operational and production improvement continues to develop.

Update on operations

On February 20, 2024, Metals Acquisition successfully raised A\$325 million through its listing on the Australian Stock Exchange ("ASX"). Proceeds from the ASX listing were used to repay in full the deferred consideration facility to Glencore plc in connection with Metals Acquisition's acquisition of CSA, and the balance is expected to be used to increase working capital to facilitate operational flexibility and potential production growth, and also to provide additional funding for exploration programs and mine development at the CSA mine.

On July 22, 2024, Metals Acquisition announced a record copper production under Metals Acquisition of 10,864 tonnes, with a record monthly copper production in June of 5,378 tonnes, an increase of approximately 24% over the first quarter production of 8,786 tonnes of copper. The record quarter was achieved despite a major planned maintenance shutdown in April, with only 1,583 tonnes produced for the month, and a combined 9,281 tonnes of copper produced over May and June. The average copper grade was 4.2% for the quarter, an increase of approximately 20% from the prior quarter as the mine plan shifted to higher grade stopes and dilution control was improved.

Update on exploration

On July 30, 2024, Metals Acquisition provided an update on its continuing exploration and resource development at the CSA copper mine, including promising drill results. Underground exploration continued to focus on the down dip and along strike extensions of the QTSN and QTSC deposits, as well as the shallower, up dip portions of the East and West deposits and QTSS Upper A.

Update on Mineral Reserve and Resource Estimates

On April 22, 2024, Metals Acquisition announced an updated 2023 Mineral Resource and Mineral Reserve statement and production guidance for CSA, including:

- 64% increase in Mineral Reserves after replacement of depletion to 14.9 million tonnes grading 3.3% copper for 494,000 tonnes of contained copper;
- Measured and Indicated Mineral Resources (exclusive of Mineral Reserves) increased to 4.7 million tonnes grading 4.9% copper (nil previously) for 229,000 tonnes of contained copper; and
- 67% increase in mine life to eleven years (end of 2034) based on Mineral Reserves only.

The effective date for the Mineral Resource and Reserve Statement is August 31, 2023 and as such, any new information received after that time has not been incorporated into the Mineral Resource and Reserve statement at this stage. The 2023 Mineral Reserve only extends 95 metres vertically below the current decline position. All deposits (other than QTS South Upper A) are open in at least one direction and drilling is continuing to further increase the Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves, subject to exploration success and economic factors.

For more information, refer to Metals Acquisition's press release dated February 20, 2024, entitled "Metals Acquisition Ltd Dual Lists on ASX Following Upsized A\$325 million IPO", Metals Acquisition's press release dated March 28, 2024, entitled "Metals Acquisition Limited Provides Notice of 2023 Annual Report and Conference Call Details and the related 2023 Annual Report, Metals Acquisition's press release dated April 29, 2024, entitled "Metals Acquisition Limited Announces March 2024 Quarterly Activities Report", Metals Acquisition's press release dated July 22, 2024, entitled "Metals Acquisition Limited Announces June 2024 Quarterly Report" and Metals Acquisition's press release dated July 30, 2024, entitled "Metals Acquisition Limited Reports Drill Results Including 22.1m @ 9.8% Cu, 22.1m @ 7.8% Cu and 24.2m @ 7.8% Cu", all filed on www.sec.gov/edgar.

Ermitaño Royalty (First Majestic Silver Corp.)

Osisko holds a 2% NSR royalty on the Ermitaño underground gold and silver mine ("Ermitaño") operated by First Majestic Silver Corp. ("First Majestic") and located in Sonora State, Mexico. Processing of ore from Ermitaño at the Santa Elena processing plant started in December 2021.

Guidance - 2024

On January 16, 2024, First Majestic reported that it expects to produce between 1.10 and 1.12 million ounces of silver, and between 81,000 and 90,000 ounces of gold in 2024 at Ermitaño.

Update on operations

On July 18, 2024, First Majestic announced production of 376,947 ounces of silver and 27,176 ounces of gold in the second quarter of 2024, representing an increase of 6% and 25%, respectively, when compared to the previous quarter. The increase in production is primarily due to an increase in ore processed rates and higher gold grades. As a results of the strong production forecast at Santa Elena, First Majestic increased Santa Elena's production forecast to 9.2 to 9.6 million silver equivalent ounces, an increase of 14% (mid-point) compared to the original guidance.

Update on exploration

On July 30, 2024, First Majestic announced the discovery of a significant new, vein-hosted gold and silver mineralized system at its Santa Elena property. This new high-grade discovery, the Navidad vein system ("Navidad"), was made at depth adjacent to the company's producing Ermitaño mine and is within Osisko's royalty boundaries. This is the most promising discovery at the Santa Elena property since Ermitaño was discovered in 2016. Four drill rigs are currently focused on this area, which appears to have the potential to expand as it is open in all directions. To date, seven drill holes have been completed to test the Navidad discovery; six of these holes intersected significant vein-hosted gold and silver mineralization. The closest drill hole intercept to the Ermitaño mine is located approximately 500 meters southwest and 750 meters below existing mine development.

Update on Mineral Reserve and Resource Estimates

On April 1, 2024, First Majestic released updated 2023 Mineral Reserve and Mineral Resource estimates for the Ermitaño underground mine. Ermitaño's Proven and Probable Mineral Reserve Estimates remained relatively unchanged despite record production of 9.6 million silver equivalent ounces at Ermitaño in 2023. Continued resource expansion potential at the Ermitaño mine (Luna and Soledad Zones) remains a core focus for First Majestic over the next year, with 22,000 metres of drilling planned for 2024.

For more information, refer to First Majestic's press release dated January 16, 2024 entitled "First Majestic Produces 6.6 Million AgEq Oz in Q4 2023 and 26.9 Million AgEq Oz in 2023; Announces 2024 Production and Cost Guidance and Announces Conference Call Details", First Majestic's press release dated April 1, 2024, entitled "First Majestic Announces 2023 Mineral Reserve and Mineral Resource Estimates", First Majestic's press release dated April 18, 2024, entitled "First Majestic Produces 5.3 Million AgEq Oz in Q2 2024 Consisting of 2.1 Million Silver Ounces and 39,339 Gold Ounces; Announces Updated 2024 Production and Cost Guidance and Conference Call Details", First Majestic's press release dated July 18, 2024 entitled "First Majestic Produces 5.3 Million AgEq Oz in Q2 2024 Consisting of 2.1 Million Silver Ounces and 39,339 Gold Ounces; Announces Updated 2024 Production and Cost Guidance and Conference Call Details", and First Majestic's press release dated July 30, 2024 entitled "Frist Majestic Announces New High-Grade Gold and Silver Discovery at Santa Elena" all filed on www.sedarplus.ca.

Seabee Royalty (SSR Mining Inc.)

Osisko holds a 3% NSR royalty on the Seabee gold operations operated by SSR Mining Inc. ("SSR Mining") and located in Saskatchewan, Canada.

Guidance - 2024

On February 13, 2024, SSR Mining reported that it expects to produce between 75,000 and 85,000 ounces of gold in 2024 and average approximately 75,000 ounces annually over the next five-year period. Seabee's production is expected to be strongest in the first and third quarters of 2024, reflecting processed grades. Grades are expected to average between 5.0 and 6.0 g/t Au in 2024, slightly above the Seabee Mineral Reserve grade.

Update on operations

On July 31, 2024, SSR Mining reported gold production of 16,709 ounces from Seabee in the second quarter of 2024 compared to 16,428 ounces in the first quarter of 2023. In the first half of 2024, Seabee produced 40,482 ounces of gold compared to 32,196 ounces in the first half of 2023. Seabee remains on track for full-year 2024 production guidance of 75,000 to 85,000 ounces of gold.

Update on exploration

On February 13, 2024, SSR Mining reported that consolidated exploration and resource development expenditures at Seabee are estimated at US\$15.0 million with a focus on defining initial Mineral Reserves at the Porky and Porky West targets. Further drilling will also be completed at the Gap Hangingwall to evaluate potential extensions to the existing Mineral Reserves and mine life at Seabee. Earlier stage exploration activity also continues across the broader Seabee property, including follow-up sampling and potential drill testing at a number of regional targets.

Update on Mineral Reserve and Resource Estimates

On February 13, 2024, SSR Mining announced an updated Mineral Reserve Estimate of 2.1 million tonnes grading 5.17 g/t Au for 343,000 ounces of gold. This estimate does not incorporate any of the Measured and Indicated Resources totaling 1.6 million tonnes grading 4.4 g/t Au for 218,300 ounces of gold, or the Inferred Resources totaling 2.75 million tonnes grading 5.2 g/t Au for 462,500 ounces of gold.

Seabee has been in continuous operation for 30 years and has demonstrated a track record of Mineral Reserve replacement that SSR Mining expects to continue into the future.

For more information, refer to SSR Mining's press release dated February 13, 2024 entitled "SSR Mining Issues Multi-Year Guidance and Technical Reports for all Operating Assets", SSR Mining's press release dated July 31, 2024 entitled "SSR Mining Reports Second Quarter 2024 Results" and SSR Mining's Technical Report Summary on the Seabee Gold Operation dated February 12, 2024, all filed on www.sedarplus.ca.

Gibraltar Stream (Taseko Mines Limited)

Osisko owns a silver stream referenced to Taseko Mines Limited's ("Taseko") attributable portion of production from the Gibraltar copper mine, held by Gibraltar Mines Ltd. and located in British Columbia, Canada. The stream was amended on June 29, 2023 increasing the refined silver to be delivered from 75% to 87.5% of the payable silver production. The stream's step-down silver delivery threshold was also extended to coincide with Taseko's recently updated Mineral Reserve Estimate for Gibraltar. Once a total of 6.3 million ounces of silver have been delivered, the refined silver to be delivered will be reduced to 30.625% of the payable silver produced at Gibraltar thereafter. There is no cash transfer price payable by Osisko at the time of delivery for the silver ounces delivered. As of June 30, 2024, a total of 1.4 million ounces of silver had been delivered under the stream agreement.

Update on operations

On March 25, 2024, Taseko announced the acquisition of the remaining 12.5% interest in the Gibraltar mine from Dowa Metals & Mining Co., Ltd. and Furukawa Co., Ltd.

On June 1, 2024, Taseko announced that operations at the company's Gibraltar mine were suspended as a result of the announcement of a strike by the unionized employees. On June 19, 2024, Taseko announced that the union representing workers at its Gibraltar mine had ratified a new employment agreement which will be in place until May 31, 2027. Gibraltar workers were recalled and mining operations and milling were restarted.

On July 15, 2024, Taseko announced second quarter production results of 20 million pounds of copper and 185,000 pounds of molybdenum. Metal production in the second quarter was impacted by mill downtime for the relocation of the in-pit crusher and concurrent maintenance activities in concentrator #1, as well as a strike by the mine's unionized workforce in June. The in-pit crusher move was completed in late May but the final installation work and the other mill maintenance was interrupted by the 18-day strike in June. This work resumed following the strike, when contractors were able to return to site, and is now completed. Concentrator #1 has restarted and is in the process of ramping up to full capacity. Concentrator #2 has been running consistently and at improved throughput rates since the repair work in January.

For more information, refer to Taseko's press releases dated March 25, 2024 entitled "Taseko Acquires 100% of Gibraltar Mine", Taseko's press releases dated June 1, 2024 entitled "Taseko Announces that Operations at its Gibraltar Mine have been Suspended", Taseko's press release dated June 19, 2024 entitled "Taseko Mines: Labour Agreement Ratified at Gibraltar Mine" and Taseko's press release dated July 15, 2024 entitled "Taseko Mines Reports Second Quarter Copper Production and Operational Update for Gibraltar Mine", all filed on www.sedarplus.ca.

Lamaque Royalty (Eldorado Gold Corporation)

Osisko owns a 1% NSR royalty on the Lamaque gold mine, including the producing Triangle deposit as well as the prospective Ormaque, Plug #4, and Parallel deposits. Osisko also holds a 2.5% NSR royalty on the Bourlemaque property. The Lamaque mine is operated by Eldorado Gold Corporation ("Eldorado") and is located in Québec, Canada.

Guidance - 2024

On February 22, 2024, Eldorado reported that it expects to produce between 175,000 and 190,000 ounces of gold in 2024 at the Lamaque complex. In 2024, the focus remains on resource conversion drilling at Ormaque, the completion of a bulk sample and a pre-feasibility study with the expectation of declaring an inaugural reserve at the end of the year.

Eldorado also released its 4-year forecast, where is expects to produce between 180,000 to 200,000 ounces of gold at Lamague in 2027.

Update on operations

On July 25, 2024, Eldorado announced production at Lamaque of 47,391 ounces of gold in the second quarter of 2024, a 22% increase from 38,745 ounces in the second quarter of 2023. The increase was primarily due to higher tonnes milled combined with higher grade ore and no stoppages due to wildfires. Average grade increased to 6.95 g/t Au in the second quarter of 2024 from 6.43 g/t Au in the comparative quarter, with the increase attributable to higher grade ore from the C4 and C5 zones. Production in the second half of the year is expected to be stronger than the first half of the year as grades are expected to increase.

Update on exploration

On February 22, 2024, Eldorado released its exploration plans for 2024. Resource expansion and resource conversion drilling at the Triangle mine will focus on the C6 and C7 zones with approximately 26,000 metres planned. A new exploration drive and drill platform at the 785 level will enable shorter holes and improved angles for resource conversion purposes.

The 2024 exploration program at Ormaque is expected to include approximately 35,000 metres of underground resource conversion drilling within existing Inferred Resources. This drilling will continue to test the upper two-thirds of the deposit for further conversion from Inferred to Indicated Resources (down to lens E100). In addition, approximately 18,000 metres of surface drilling testing step-outs to the east of and below the known deposit is planned.

Approximately 13,000 metres of underground exploration drilling planned from platforms along the Sigma-Triangle decline, testing multiple conceptual targets and step-outs from previous high-grade drill intercepts in the Sigma-Lamaque-Ormaque area. In addition, approximately 19,000 metres of surface drilling is planned to test targets in the same area but away from the decline. The drilling will target high-grade vein systems similar in geological setting and mineralization style to those historically mined at both Sigma and Lamaque, including testing new conceptual targets that have been developed in recent years.

Approximately 5,000 metres of surface drilling is planned to test various early-stage targets mainly within the Bourlamaque Batholith, which have been defined by a combination of historical drilling results, geophysical anomalies, till geochemistry, and geological mapping. The drilling is expected to target high-grade vein systems similar in geological setting and mineralization style to those historically mined at the Beaufor mine and the mines in the Herbin area.

For more information, refer to Eldorado's press release dated February 22, 2024 entitled "Eldorado Announces 2024 Detailed Production & Cost Guidance; Provides Four-Year Growth Profile" and Eldorado's press release dated July 25, 2024 entitled "Eldorado Gold Reports Q2 2024 Financial and Operational Results; Maintains 2024 Operating Guidance", both filed on www.sedarplus.ca.

Renard Stream (Stornoway Diamonds (Canada) Inc.)

Osisko owns a 9.6% diamond stream on the Renard diamond mine operated by Stornoway and located approximately 350 kilometres north of Chibougamau in the James Bay region of north-central Québec.

On October 27, 2023, Stornoway announced it was temporarily suspending operations and placing itself under the protection of the CCAA to enable it to restructure its business.

On April 3, 2024, Winsome Resources Ltd ("Winsome") announced the acquisition of an exclusive call option, exercisable by September 30, 2024, to acquire the assets comprising the Renard mine and associated infrastructure or all of the issued capital in Stornoway. If exercised, the consideration payable by Winsome for the acquisition would be \$52.0 million, in cash, Winsome shares, or a combination thereof at Winsome's election, as follows:

- \$15.0 million, payable on closing of the proposed acquisition;
- \$22.0 million, payable on the 12-month anniversary of closing; and
- \$15.0 million, payable on the 24-month anniversary of closing.

The Renard mine processed and sold a small number of diamonds in the second quarter of 2024 as part of the care and maintenance plan and, consequently, Osisko earned approximately 288 GEOs through its diamond stream.

Equity Investments

The Company's assets include a portfolio of shares, mainly of publicly traded exploration and development mining companies. In certain instances, Osisko may invest in equity of companies concurrently with the acquisition of royalty, stream or other similar interests or with the objective of improving its ability to acquire future royalties, streams or similar interests. Certain investment positions may be considered as associates under IFRS Accounting Standards as a result of the ownership held, nomination rights to the investee's board of directors and/or other facts and circumstances.

Osisko may, from time to time, and without further notice except as required by law or regulations, increase or decrease its investments at its discretion.

In the first quarter of 2024, Osisko sold equity investments for net proceeds of \$3.3 million. There were no sales of equity investments in the second quarter of 2024.

Fair value of marketable securities

The following table presents the carrying value and fair value of the investments in marketable securities (excluding notes and warrants) as at June 30, 2024 (in thousands of dollars):

	Carrying	Fair
Investments	value ⁽ⁱ⁾	Value (ii)
	\$	\$
Associates	94,725	85,000
Other	93,229	93,229
	187,954	178,229

- (i) The carrying value corresponds to the amount recorded on the consolidated balance sheet, which is the equity method for investments in associates and the fair value for other investments, as per IAS 28, *Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures* and IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments*.
- (ii) The fair value corresponds to the quoted price of the investments in a recognized stock exchange as at June 30, 2024.

Principal investment in associates

Osisko Development Corp.

As at June 30, 2024, the Company's principal investment in associates is Osisko Development Corp. ("Osisko Development"). Osisko Development is a Canadian gold mineral exploration and development company focused on the acquisition, exploration and development of precious metals resource properties in North America. The main projects held by Osisko Development are the Cariboo gold project ("Cariboo") in British Columbia, Canada, the San Antonio gold project ("San Antonio") in Sonora, Mexico, and the Tintic property ("Tintic") in Utah, United States. Osisko owns a 5% NSR royalty on Cariboo, 15% gold and silver streams on San Antonio and a 2.5% metals stream on Tintic.

The Cariboo gold project has Probable Mineral Reserves of 2.03 million ounces of gold (16.7 million tonnes grading 3.78 g/t Au), Measured and Indicated Mineral Resources of 1.57 million ounces of gold (14.7 million tonnes grading 3.33 g/t Au) and Inferred Mineral Resources of 1.71 million ounces of gold (15.5 million tonnes grading 3.44 g/t Au). A NI 43-101 compliant feasibility study was filed in January 2023, which outlined average annual gold production of 163,695 ounces over a 12-year mine life, with an after-tax net present value of \$502 million at a 5% discount rate and an internal rate of return (unlevered) of 20.7% at US\$1,700 per ounce of gold. The study envisaged a phased operation with Phase 1 being a 1,500 tpd operation producing 72,501 ounces of gold for the first three years and Phase 2 ramping up to a 4,900 tpd operation producing 193,798 ounces of gold per year for the remaining mine life.

On October 10, 2023, Osisko Development announced that it had received an Environmental Assessment ("EA") Certificate for the Cariboo gold project. Receipt of the EA Certificate successfully concludes the EA process for the project, which was launched in October 2019. A Joint Permit Application for the BC Mines Act / Environmental Management Act is in process, and Osisko Development anticipates receiving these final permits in the third quarter of 2024.

On March 4, 2024, Osisko Development announced that it had entered into a credit agreement with National Bank of Canada providing for a US\$50 million delayed draw term loan, through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Barkerville Gold Mines Ltd. The credit facility will be exclusively used to fund ongoing detailed engineering and pre-construction activities at Cariboo. This includes the commencement of an underground development drift from the existing Cow Portal into the project's mineral deposit at Lowhee Zone and extraction of 10,000 tonnes of material under an existing permit from the Province of British Columbia. The credit facility has a maturity date of February 28, 2025, which can be extended to October 1, 2025 if Osisko Development completes a capital raise of at least US\$20 million prior to October 31, 2024.

In its interim consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2024, Osisko Development noted that its working capital position as at March 31, 2024 will not be sufficient to meet the company's obligations, commitments and forecasted expenditures up to the period ending March 31, 2025. Osisko Development's ability to continue future operations and fund its planned activities is dependent on Osisko Development's management ability to secure additional financing in the future. Failure to secure future financings may impact and/or curtail the planned activities for the company, which may include, but are not limited to, the suspension of certain development activities and the disposal of certain investments to generate liquidity. If Osisko Development's management is unable to obtain new funding, the company may be unable to continue its operations.

As at June 30, 2024, the Company held 33,333,366 common shares representing a 39.0% interest in Osisko Development (39.6% as at December 31, 2023). The Company exercises significant influence over Osisko Development and accounts for its investment using the equity method.

For more information, please refer to Osisko Development's press releases and other public documents available on www.sedarplus.ca and on their website (www.osiskodev.com).

Sustainability Activities

As a capital provider, Osisko does not have direct control over the operation or sustainability activities of its mining partners operations. However, the Company recognizes that by supporting responsible operators, it can promote sustainable development through its investments.

Osisko takes a comprehensive approach, as appropriate, to due diligence by reviewing and assessing performance in a range of areas, including Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG"), to identify, assess, and mitigate any potential risks before investing in an asset. As integral aspects of Osisko's due diligence evaluation process, the Company engages with its mining partner's leadership, conducts site visits, and, as applicable, interacts with local community leaders, as well as regional or federal government authorities and other crucial stakeholders. Through ongoing monitoring of the Company's existing asset portfolio, it strives to ensure its mining partners prioritize responsible mining practices. This monitoring strategy seeks to ensure access to comprehensive data and integrates engagement with mining partners to effectively manage risks and identify potential areas for improvement and collaboration.

In 2023, Osisko developed an enhanced ESG screening and monitoring tool, aligned with industry-leading practices and referencing recognized sustainability frameworks. The comprehensive tool allows Osisko to assess the ESG performance of potential assets and mining partners across various topics, including biodiversity, climate change, tailings and waste management, community relations, diversity, equity and inclusion, health and safety, and business ethics. Osisko started using this new formal process and tool in 2024 for new investment decisions, with a monitoring aspect applied to existing partners and investments, where applicable.

The Company's ESG efforts continue to be recognized by rating agencies. Notably, Osisko is the #5 ranked precious metals company and the #3 ranked gold company by Sustainalytics, rated "AA" by MSCI and recently received a "Prime" corporate rating by ISS ESG.

Other recent governance enhancements include the addition of three new independent directors: Mr. Norman MacDonald, Mr. David Smith and Ms. Wendy Louie. Mr. MacDonald was appointed as an independent Chair in November 2023. The Company has also implemented several key policies including those focused on Human Resources, Health and Safety, Human Rights, and Anti-Bribery, Anti-Corruption and Anti-Money Laundering and has appointed a dedicated Vice President, Sustainability and Communications tasked with driving forward Osisko's environmental, social and governance initiatives.

In its commitment to addressing climate-related challenges, Osisko conducted a climate-related risk assessment and scenario analysis to gage the exposure of key assets to climate-related risks and opportunities. This analysis helped inform the development of a climate change strategy for 2024-2027 structured around three main pillars: management of climate-related financial risks, pursuit of a low-emission future; and enhancing governance and disclosure. Each pillar includes specific commitments to monitor and measure progress.

In early 2024, Osisko purchased Gold Standard certified carbon credits through Key Carbon Ltd., a financer and supporter of carbon reduction projects. These carbon credits offset the Company's 2023 office-based Scope 2 and Scope 3 indirect emissions (excluding financed emissions).

Osisko continued to improve the internal skills and awareness of all employees through targeted training on diversity, equity and inclusion, health and safety and human rights. In 2023, the Company developed new internal community investment guidelines to maximise the impacts of its contributions, donating over \$325,000 across three pillars: education, social/community, and climate change/environmental. Osisko's community investments and employee volunteering initiatives continued to support the local communities around our head office and those around our mining partners.

For a detailed review Osisko's sustainability initiatives, refer to the fourth edition of Osisko's sustainability report, *Growing Responsibly*, published on April 10, 2024.

Dividends and Normal Course Issuer Bid

The following table provides details on the dividends declared for the first half of 2024:

Declaration date	Dividend per share	Record date	Payment date	Dividends payable
	\$			\$
February 20, 2024	0.060	March 28, 2024	April 15, 2024	11,154,000
May 8, 2024	0.065	June 28, 2024	July 15, 2024	12,101,000
	0.125		-	23,255,000

Dividend Reinvestment Plan

The Company offers a dividend reinvestment plan ("DRIP") that allows Canadian and U.S. shareholders to reinvest their cash dividends into additional common shares either purchased on the open market through the facilities of the TSX or the NYSE, or issued directly from treasury by the Company, or acquired by a combination thereof. In the case of a treasury issuance, the price will be the weighted average price of the common shares on the TSX or the NYSE during the five trading days immediately preceding the dividend payment date, less a discount, if any, of up to 5%, at the Company's sole election.

As at June 30, 2024, the holders of 20.8 million common shares had elected to participate in the DRIP, representing dividends payable of \$1.4 million. Therefore, 62,363 common shares were issued on July 15, 2024 at a discount rate of 3%.

Normal Course Issuer Bid

In December 2023, Osisko renewed its normal course issuer bid ("NCIB") program. Under the terms of the NCIB program, Osisko may acquire up to 9,258,298 of its common shares from time to time in accordance with the normal course issuer bid procedures of the TSX. Repurchases under the 2023 NCIB program are authorized from December 12, 2023 until December 11, 2024. Daily purchases will be limited to 94,834 common shares, other than block purchase exemptions.

During the six months ended June 30, 2024, the Company did not purchase any common shares under the NCIB program.

Gold Market and Currency

Gold Market

Following a strong performance in 2023, the gold market continued to post healthy gains in the first half of 2024 and prices rose 12% to reach US\$2,331 per ounce at end of the second quarter. The gold price averaged US\$2,338 per ounce in the second quarter of 2024, its highest quarterly average in nominal dollars, compared to US\$2,070 per ounce in the first quarter of 2024 and US\$1,976 per ounce in the second quarter of 2023.

The historical price is as follows:

(US\$/ounce of gold)	High	Low	Average	Close
2024 (YTD – June 30)	\$2,427	\$1,985	\$2,203	\$2,331
2023	2,078	1,811	1,941	2,078
2022	2,039	1,629	1,800	1,812
2021	1,943	1,684	1,799	1,820
2020	2,067	1,474	1,770	1,888

In Canadian dollar terms, the average gold price per ounce was \$3,199 per ounce in the second quarter of 2024, compared to \$2,791 in the first quarter of 2024 and \$2,653 in the second quarter of 2023. The gold price closed the second quarter of 2024 at \$3,190 per ounce, compared to \$3,000 per ounce at the end of the first quarter and \$2,679 per ounce at the end of 2023.

Currency

The Canadian dollar traded against the U.S. dollar at a ratio of between 1.3504 and 1.3821 in the second quarter of 2024 to close at 1.3687, compared to 1.3550 on March 31, 2024 and 1.3226 on December 31, 2023. The Canadian dollar averaged 1.3683 in the second quarter of 2024, compared to 1.3486 in the first quarter of 2024 and 1.3428 in the second quarter of 2023. The Bank of Canada reduced its overnight rate from 5.00% to 4.75% in the second quarter of 2024, the first cut in four years, after previously reaching its highest level in 22 years.

The exchange rate for the U.S./Canadian dollar is outlined below:

	High	Low	Average	Close
2024 (YTD – June 30)	1.3821	1.3316	1.3586	1.3687
2023	1.3875	1.3128	1.3497	1.3226
2022	1.3856	1.2451	1.3013	1.3544
2021	1.2942	1.2040	1.2535	1.2678
2020	1.4496	1.2718	1.3415	1.2732

Selected Financial Information

(in thousands of dollars, except figures for ounces and amounts per ounce and per share) (1)

	Three months ended June 30,			ix months ended June 30,
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenues	64,846	60,500	125,597	120,087
Cost of sales	(2,226)			(8,301)
Depletion	(10,413)		· · · /	(26,462)
Gross profit	52,207	43,273	99,601	85,324
Impairment of royalty interests	(67,832)	(6,629)	(67,832)	(6,629)
Operating (loss) income	(24,081)	28,039	15,823	62,385
Net (loss) earnings	(21,115)	17,961	(6,042)	38,809
Net (loss) earnings per share Basic and diluted	(0.11)	0.10	(0.03)	0.21
Total assets	1,891,654	2,191,128	1,891,654	2,191,128
Total long-term debt	108,966	319,650	108,966	319,650
Operating cash flows	52,318	47,392	102,695	92,842
Dividend per common share	0.065	0.060	0.125	0.115
Weighted average shares outstanding (in thousands) Basic Diluted	186,217 186,217	185,093 186,454	186,009 186,009	184,781 186,052
Average realized price of gold (per ounce sold) In C\$ (2) In US\$	3,213 2,346	2,648 1,973	2,997 2,203	2,604 1,931

⁽¹⁾ Unless otherwise noted, financial information is in Canadian dollars and prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards.

⁽²⁾ Using actual exchange rates at the date of transactions.

Overview of Financial Results

Financial Summary - Second Quarter of 2024

- Revenues from royalties and streams of \$64.8 million compared to \$60.5 million in Q2 2023;
- Gross profit of \$52.2 million compared to \$43.3 million in Q2 2023;
- Operating loss of \$24.1 million compared to an operating income of \$28.0 million in Q2 2023;
- Net loss of \$21.1 million or \$0.11 per basic share compared to net earnings of \$18.0 million or \$0.10 per basic share in Q2 2023;
- Adjusted earnings⁴ of \$33.2 million or \$0.18 per basic share compared to \$27.2 million or \$0.15 per basic share in Q2 2023; and
- Cash flows provided by operating activities of \$52.3 million compared to \$47.4 million in Q2 2023.

Revenues from royalties and streams increased to \$64.8 million in the second quarter of 2024 compared to \$60.5 million in the second quarter of 2023, mostly as a result of higher metal prices, partially offset by lower deliveries under the stream agreements following the stoppage of operations at the Renard diamond mine in 2023.

Gross profit amounted to \$52.2 million in the second quarter of 2024 compared to \$43.3 million in the second quarter of 2023. Cost of sales and depletion decreased, mostly as a result of the mix of sales (sales of diamonds from the Renard stream were negligible in the second quarter of 2024) and lower deliveries.

General and administrative ("G&A") expenses decreased in the second quarter of 2024 from \$7.3 million to \$6.4 million, mostly as a result of lower share-based compensation.

Business development expenses increased in the second quarter of 2024 from \$1.3 million to \$2.1 million, mostly as a result of increased activities and the addition of one vice president in the first quarter of 2024.

As a result of the failure at the heap leach facility of the Eagle Gold mine, management performed an impairment assessment on the Eagle Gold mine royalty interest as at June 30, 2024 and recorded a non-cash impairment loss of \$67.8 million, representing 100% of the net book value on June 30, 2024 (refer to the *Portfolio of Royalty, Stream and Other Interests* section of this MD&A for more details).

In the second quarter of 2024, the Company incurred an operating loss of \$24.1 million, mostly as a result of the impairment charge of \$67.8 million on the Eagle Gold mine royalty, compared to an operating income of \$28.0 million in the second quarter of 2023. An impairment of other royalty interests of \$6.6 million was recorded in the second quarter of 2023.

The net loss in the second quarter of 2024 was \$21.1 million, compared to net earnings of \$18.0 million in the second quarter of 2023. The loss in 2024 is mostly the result of the impairment charge of \$67.8 million on the Eagle Gold mine royalty interest (\$49.9 million, net of income taxes) and a share of loss of associates (compared to a share of income of associates in the second quarter of 2023), partially offset by a higher operating income. An expected credit loss on investments of \$19.9 million was recorded in the second quarter of 2023.

Adjusted earnings reached \$33.2 million in the second quarter of 2024 compared to \$27.2 million in the second quarter of 2023, mostly a result of a higher gross profit, partially offset by higher income taxes. A reconciliation of adjusted earnings is provided in the *Non-IFRS Financial Performance Measures* section of this MD&A.

Cash flows provided by operating activities in the second quarter of 2024 were \$52.3 million, compared to \$47.4 million in the second quarter of 2023. The increase was mainly the result of higher revenues and lower cost of sales.

^{4 &}quot;Adjusted earnings" and "Adjusted earnings per basic share" are non-IFRS financial performance measures which have no standard definition under IFRS Accounting Standards. Refer to the non-IFRS measures provided under the Non-IFRS Financial Performance Measures section of this MD&A.

Financial Summary - First Half of 2024

- Revenues from royalties and streams of \$125.6 million compared to \$120.1 million in the first half of 2023;
- Gross profit of \$99.6 million compared to \$85.3 million in the first half of 2023;
- Operating income of \$15.8 million compared to \$62.4 million in the first half of 2023;
- Net loss of \$6.0 million or \$0.03 per basic share compared to net earnings of \$38.8 million or \$0.21 per basic share in the first half of 2023;
- Adjusted earnings⁵ of \$62.9 million or \$0.34 per basic share compared to \$52.4 million or \$0.28 per basic share in the first half of 2023; and
- Cash flows provided by operating activities of \$102.7 million compared to \$92.8 million in the first half of 2023.

Revenues from royalties and streams increased to \$125.6 million in the first half of 2024 compared to \$120.1 million in the first half of 2023, mostly as a result of higher metal prices, partially offset by lower deliveries under the stream agreements following the stoppage of operations at the Renard diamond mine in 2023.

Gross profit amounted to \$99.6 million in the first half of 2024 compared to \$85.3 million in the first half of 2023. Cost of sales and depletion decreased, mostly as a result of the mix of sales (sales of diamonds from the Renard stream were negligible in the first half of 2024) and lower deliveries.

General and administrative ("G&A") expenses decreased in the first half of 2024 from \$13.5 million to \$12.5 million, mostly as a result of lower share-based compensation.

Business development expenses increased in the first half of 2024 from \$2.8 million to \$3.4 million, mostly as a result of increased activities and the addition of one vice president in 2024.

As a result of the failure at the heap leach facility of the Eagle Gold mine, management performed an impairment assessment on the Eagle Gold mine royalty interest as at June 30, 2024 and recorded a non-cash impairment loss of \$67.8 million, representing 100% of the net book value on June 30, 2024 (refer to the *Portfolio of Royalty, Stream and Other Interests* section of this MD&A for more details).

Operating income in the first half of 2024 decreased to \$15.8 million compared to \$62.4 million in the first half of 2023, mostly as a result of the impairment charge of \$67.8 million on the Eagle Gold mine royalty, partially offset by a higher gross profit. An impairment of other royalty interests of \$6.6 million was recorded in the second quarter of 2023.

The net loss in the first half of 2024 was \$6.0 million, compared to net earnings of \$38.8 million in the first half of 2023. The loss in 2024 is mostly the result of the impairment charge of \$67.8 million on the Eagle Gold mine royalty interest (\$49.9 million, net of income taxes), a share of loss of associates (compared to a share of income of associates in the first half of 2023) and a foreign exchange loss. An expected credit loss on investments of \$19.9 million was recorded in the first half of 2023.

Adjusted earnings reached \$62.9 million in the first half of 2024 compared to \$52.4 million in the first half of 2023, mostly a result of a higher gross profit, partially offset by lower interest income and higher income taxes. A reconciliation of adjusted earnings is provided in the *Non-IFRS Financial Performance Measures* section of this MD&A.

Cash flows provided by operating activities in the first half of 2024 were \$102.7 million, compared to \$92.8 million in the first half of 2023. The increase was mainly the result of higher revenues and lower cost of sales.

^{5 &}quot;Adjusted earnings" and "Adjusted earnings per basic share" are non-IFRS financial performance measures which have no standard definition under IFRS Accounting Standards. Refer to the non-IFRS measures provided under the *Non-IFRS Financial Performance Measures* section of this MD&A.

Consolidated Statements of Income (Loss)

The following table presents summarized consolidated statements of income (loss) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 (in thousands of dollars):

		Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
		2024	2023	2024	2023
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenues	(a)	64,846	60,500	125,597	120,087
Cost of sales Depletion	(b)	(2,226) (10,413)	(4,260) (12,967)	(4,059) (21,937)	(8,301) (26,462)
Gross profit	(d)	52,207	43,273	99,601	85,324
Other operating expenses General and administrative Business development Impairment of royalty interests	(e) (f) (g)	(6,367) (2,089) (67,832)	(7,308) (1,297) (6,629)	(12,497) (3,449) (67,832)	(13,517) (2,793) (6,629)
Operating (loss) income		(24,081)	28,039	15,823	62,385
Other expenses, net	(h)	(6,135)	(6,206)	(23,064)	(11,313)
(Loss) earnings before income taxes		(30,216)	21,833	(7,241)	51,072
Income tax recovery (expense)	(i)	9,101	(3,872)	1,199	(12,263)
Net (loss) earnings		(21,115)	17,961	(6,042)	38,809

(a) Revenues are comprised of the following:

	Three months ended June 30,							
		2024			2023			
	Average selling price per ounce / carat (\$)	Ounces / carats sold	Total revenues (\$000's)	Average selling price per ounce / carat (\$)	Ounces / Carats sold	Total revenues (\$000's)		
Gold sold	3,213	12,579	40,420	2,648	13,424	35,540		
Silver sold	39	448,717	17,628	32	442,305	14,321		
Diamonds sold	110	8,366	921	136	47,027	6,422		
Other (paid in cash)	-	-	5,877	-	-	4,217		
, ,		_	64,846			60,500		

	Six months ended June 30,							
		2024			2023			
	Average selling price per ounce / carat (\$)	Ounces / carats sold	Total revenues (\$000's)	Average selling price per ounce / carat (\$)	Ounces / Carats sold	Total revenues (\$000's)		
Gold sold	2,997	26,348	78,962	2,604	26,961	70,216		
Silver sold	35	951,631	33,757	31	866,933	26,840		
Diamonds sold	110	8,366	921	148	90,041	13,448		
Other (paid in cash)	-	-	11,957	-	-	9,583		
		_	125,597			120,087		

The increase in silver ounces sold in the first half of 2024 is mainly the result of the acquisition of the CSA silver stream in June 2023. The decrease in diamonds sold in 2024 is the result of the stoppage of operations at the Renard diamond mine in the fourth quarter of 2023.

- (b) Cost of sales mainly represents the acquisition price of the metals (and diamonds in 2023) under the stream agreements, as well as deductions (if applicable) for governmental royalties, refining, insurance, transportation and other costs related to the metals received under royalty agreements. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, cost of sales amounted to \$2.2 million and \$4.1 million, respectively, compared to \$4.3 million and \$8.3 million in the corresponding periods of 2023. The decrease in the first half of 2024 is mostly due to the mix of sales (sales of diamonds from the Renard stream were minimal in 2024) and lower deliveries.
- (c) The royalty, stream and other interests are depleted using the units-of-production method over the estimated life of the properties or the life of the related agreements. The depletion expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 amounted to \$10.4 million and \$21.9 million, respectively, compared to \$13.0 million and \$26.5 million in the corresponding periods of 2023. The decrease in the first half of 2024 is mostly due to the mix of sales (sales of diamonds from the Renard stream were minimal in 2024) and lower deliveries.
- (d) The breakdown of cash margin⁶ and gross profit per type of interest is as follows (in thousands of dollars):

	Three	months ended June 30,	Six months ended June 30,		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Royalty interests					
Revenues	46,236	39,323	90,780	78,501	
Less: cost of sales (excluding depletion)	(145)	(205)	(250)	(340)	
Cash margin (in dollars)	46,091	39,118	90,530	78,161	
Depletion	(5,361)	(5,610)	(10,895)	(12,458)	
Gross profit	40,730	33,508	79,635	65,703	
Stream interests					
Revenues	18,610	21,177	34,817	41,586	
Less: cost of sales (excluding depletion)	(2,081)	(4,055)	(3,809)	(7,961)	
Cash margin (in dollars)	16,529	17,122	31,008	33,625	
Depletion	(5,052)	(7,357)	(11,042)	(14,004)	
Gross profit	11,477	9,765	19,966	19,621	
Royalty and stream interests Total cash margin (in dollars)	62,620	56,240	121,538	111,786	
	*	*	*	,	
Divided by: total revenues	64,846	60,500	125,597	120,087	
Cash margin (in percentage of revenues)	96.6%	93.0%	96.8%	93.1%	
Total – Gross profit	52,207	43,273	99,601	85,324	

- (e) G&A expenses decreased in the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 to \$6.4 million and \$12.5 million, respectively, compared to \$7.3 million and \$13.5 million in the three and six months of June 30, 2023, mostly as a result of lower share-based compensation.
- (f) Business development expenses increased in three and six months ended June 30, 2024 to \$2.1 million and \$3.4 million, respectively, compared to \$1.3 million and \$2.8 million in the three and six months of June 30, 2023, mostly as a result of increased activities and the addition of one vice president in 2024.
- (g) As a result of the failure at the heap leach facility of the Eagle Gold mine, management performed an impairment assessment on the Eagle Gold mine royalty interest as at June 30, 2024 and recorded a non-cash impairment loss of \$67.8 million (refer to the *Portfolio of Royalty, Stream and Other Interests* section of this MD&A for more details).

⁶ Cash margin is a non-IFRS financial performance measure which has no standard definition under IFRS Accounting Standards. It is calculated by deducting the cost of sales (excluding depletion) from the revenues. Please refer to the *Non-IFRS Financial Performance Measures* section of this MD&A

(h) Other expenses, net of \$6.1 million in the second quarter of 2024 include a share of loss of associates of \$3.1 million, finance costs of \$2.8 million and a foreign exchange loss of \$1.1 million, partially offset by interest income of \$1.2 million.

Other expenses, net of \$6.2 million in the second quarter of 2023 include a net share of income of associate of \$19.2 million (mostly as a result of the estimated gain realized by an associate on the sale of a property), finance costs of \$3.4 million, a net loss on investments of \$23.9 million (which includes a non-cash loss on the deemed disposal of an associate of \$3.1 million, an allowance on expected credit loss on other investments of \$19.9 million) and a foreign exchange loss of \$0.2 million, partially offset by interest income of \$2.2 million and a net gain on investment of \$2.0 million.

Other expenses, net of \$23.1 million in the first half of 2024 include a share of loss of associates of \$16.7 million, finance costs of \$6.6 million and a foreign exchange loss of \$4.3 million, partially offset by interest income of \$2.5 million.

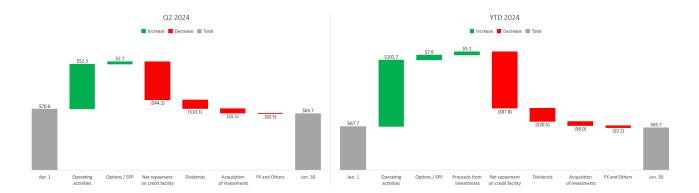
Other expenses, net of \$11.3 million in the first half of 2023 include a net share of income of associate of \$13.0 million (mostly as a result of the estimated gain realized by an associate on the sale of a property), finance costs of \$6.3 million, a net loss on investments of \$22.1 million (which includes a non-cash loss on the deemed disposal of an associate of \$3.1 million, a change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit and loss of \$3.7 million, an allowance on expected credit loss on other investments of \$13.5 million, partially offset by a net gain on dilution of investments in associates of \$4.8 million) and a foreign exchange loss of \$0.2 million, partially offset by interest income of \$4.2 million.

(i) The effective income tax rate in the second quarter and first half of 2024 is 30.1% and 16.6%, respectively, compared to 17.7% and 24.0% in the corresponding periods of 2023. The statutory rate is 26.5% in 2024 and 2023. The elements that impacted the effective income tax rates are other income not taxable, other expenses not deductible and revenues taxable at lower rates. Cash taxes of \$0.4 million and \$1.0 million were paid in the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$0.6 million and \$1.5 million in the corresponding periods of 2023. Cash taxes paid were related to taxes on royalties earned in foreign jurisdictions.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As at June 30, 2024, the Company's cash position amounted to \$65.7 million compared to \$67.7 million as at December 31, 2023.

Significant variations in the liquidity and capital resources for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 are summarized below and detailed under the *Cash Flows* section of this MD&A.



Credit facility

A total amount of \$550.0 million is available under the revolving credit facility (the "Facility"), with an additional uncommitted accordion of up to \$200.0 million.

In April 2024, the maturity date of the Facility was extended from September 29, 2026 to April 30, 2028. The uncommitted accordion is subject to acceptance by the lenders. The Facility is to be used for general corporate purposes and investments in the mineral industry, including the acquisition of royalty, stream and other interests. The Facility is secured by the Company's assets.

The Facility is subject to standby fees. Funds drawn bear interest based on the base rate, prime rate or Canadian Overnight Repo Rate Average ("CORRA") or Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR"), plus an applicable margin depending on the Company's leverage ratio. During the six months ended June 30, 2024, the Company repaid a total amount of \$87.9 million on the Facility. As at June 30, 2024, the effective interest rate on the drawn balance was 6.8%, including the applicable margin. The Facility includes covenants that require the Company to maintain certain financial ratios, including the Company's leverage ratios and meet certain non-financial requirements. As at June 30, 2024, all such ratios and requirements were met.

Cash Flows

The following table summarizes the cash flows for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 (in thousands of dollars):

_	Three	months ended June 30,	Six months ended June 30,		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	
_	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Cash flows					
Operations	54,863	49,214	105,921	97,936	
Working capital items	(2,545)	(1,822)	(3,226)	(5,094)	
Operating activities	52,318	47,392	102,695	92,842	
Investing activities	(5,070)	(267,924)	(797)	(269,838)	
Financing activities	(52,608)	175,152	(105,090)	160,168	
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash	483	(3,671)	1,195	(3,687)	
Net decrease in cash	(4,877)	(49,051)	(1,997)	(20,515)	
Cash – beginning of period	70,601	119,084	67,721	90,548	
Cash – end of period	65,724	70,033	65,724	70,033	

Operating Activities

Second quarter of 2024

In the second quarter of 2024, cash flows provided by operating activities amounted to \$52.3 million compared to \$47.4 million in the second quarter of 2023. The increase was mainly the result of higher revenues and lower cost of sales.

First half of 2024

In the first half of 2024, cash flows provided by operating activities amounted to \$102.7 million compared to \$92.8 million in the first half of 2023. The increase was mainly the result of higher revenues and lower cost of sales.

Investing Activities

Second quarter of 2024

In the second quarter of 2024, cash flows used in investing activities amounted to \$5.1 million compared to \$267.9 million in the second quarter of 2023.

In the second guarter of 2024, \$5.1 million were invested to acquire short-term investments from an associate.

In the second quarter of 2023, Osisko invested a total of \$212.8 million in stream interests, including US\$150.0 million (\$198.8 million) to acquire the CSA Silver Stream and the CSA Copper Stream, and US\$10.3 million (\$13.6 million) to amend its Gibraltar Silver Stream. Concurrently with the acquisition of the CSA Silver Stream and the CSA Copper Stream, Osisko invested US\$40.0 million (\$53.0 million) in equity of Metals Acquisition as part of its concurrent equity financing. Osisko also acquired notes receivable for \$2.2 million (presented as *short-term investments* on the consolidated balance sheets).

First half of 2024

In the first half of 2024, cash flows used in investing activities amounted to \$0.8 million compared to \$269.8 million in the first half of 2023.

In the first half of 2024, \$6.0 million were invested to acquire short-term investments from an associate. The disposal of equity investments generated proceeds of \$3.3 million and another \$1.9 million was received from the partial repayment of the Stornoway bridge loan, which was provisioned in 2023.

In the first half of 2023, Osisko invested a total of \$212.8 million to acquire stream interests, including US\$150.0 million (\$198.8 million) to acquire the CSA Silver Stream and the CSA Copper Stream, and US\$10.3 million (\$13.6 million) to amend its Gibraltar Silver Stream. Concurrently with the acquisition of the CSA Silver Stream and the CSA Copper Stream, Osisko invested US\$40.0 million (\$53.0 million) in equity of Metals Acquisition as part of its concurrent equity financing. Osisko also acquired notes receivable for \$3.8 million (presented as *short-term investments* and *other investments* on the consolidated balance sheets).

Financing Activities

Second quarter of 2024

In the second quarter of 2024, cash flows used in financing activities amounted to \$52.6 million compared to cash flows provided by financing activities of \$175.2 million in the second quarter of 2023.

In the second quarter of 2024, Osisko repaid an amount of \$44.2 million under its revolving credit facility and paid \$10.1 million in dividends. Osisko received proceeds from the exercise of share options and the share purchase plan for \$2.7 million during the same period.

In the second quarter of 2023, Osisko drew \$186.9 million on its revolving credit facility (US\$140.0 million) to finance the acquisition of stream interests. The Company also paid \$9.3 million in dividends and \$3.9 million in withholding taxes on the settlement of restricted and deferred share units. Osisko received proceeds from the exercise of share options and the share purchase plan for \$1.7 million during the same period.

First half of 2024

In the first half of 2024, cash flows used in financing activities amounted to \$105.1 million compared to cash flows provided by financing activities of \$160.2 million in the first half of 2023.

In the first half of 2024, Osisko repaid an amount of \$87.9 million under its revolving credit facility, paid \$20.5 million in dividends and \$3.0 million in withholding taxes on the settlement of restricted and deferred share units. Osisko received proceeds from the exercise of share options and the share purchase plan for \$7.6 million during the same period.

In the first half of 2023, Osisko drew \$186.9 million on its revolving credit facility (US\$140.0 million) to finance the acquisition of stream interests and repaid an amount of \$13.5 million during the same period. The Company also paid \$19.0 million in dividends and \$4.3 million in withholding taxes on the settlement of restricted and deferred share units. Osisko received proceeds from the exercise of share options and the share purchase plan for \$10.6 million during the same period.

Quarterly Information

The selected quarterly financial information⁽¹⁾ for the past eight financial quarters is outlined below: (in thousands of dollars, except for amounts per share)

_	2024			2023		2022		
_	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3
GEOs	20,068	22,259	23,275	23,292	24,465	23,111	25,023	23,850
Cash	65,724	70,601	67,721	70,754	70,033	119,084	90,548	300,542
Total assets	1,891,654	1,956,655	1,965,987	2,176,118	2,191,128	2,008,740	1,996,301	2,135,607
Total long-term debt	108,966	151,944	191,879	315,390	319,650	134,370	147,950	298,232
Equity	1,663,203	1,676,941	1,650,498	1,737,560	1,748,097	1,759,062	1,737,211	1,727,376
Revenues (2)	64,846	60,751	65,164	62,069	60,500	59,587	61,914	53,661
Net cash flows from operating								
activities (2)	52,318	50,377	50,721	43,464	47,392	45,450	48,524	51,067
Impairment of assets,	40.057		00.000	07.000	04 007	074	2.000	075
net of income taxes (2)	49,857	45.070	88,000	27,906	21,227	271	3,000	275
Net (loss) earnings (2) Basic and diluted net (loss)	(21,115)	15,073	(67,153)	(19,999)	17,961	20,848	22,408	28,014
earnings per share (2)	(0.11)	0.08	(0.36)	(0.11)	0.10	0.11	0.12	0.15
Weighted average shares	` ,		, ,					
outstanding (000's)								
- Basic	186,217	185,761	185,353	185,304	185,093	184 429	184,265	184,839
- Diluted	186,217	186,870	185,353	185,304	186,454	185,694	184,682	185,850
Share price – TSX – closing	21.32	22.23	18.91	15.95	20.36	21.36	16.32	14.07
Share price - NYSE - closing	15.58	16.42	14.28	11.75	15.10	15.82	12.07	10.10
Price of gold (average US\$) Closing exchange rate ⁽³⁾	2,338	2,070	1,971	1,928	1,976	1,890	1,727	1,729
(US\$/Can\$)	1.3687	1.3550	1.3624	1.3520	1.3428	1.3533	1.3544	1.3707

(1) Unless otherwise noted, financial information is in Canadian dollars and prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards.

(3) Bank of Canada Daily Rate.

During the first half of 2024, the Company repaid \$87.9 million on its revolving credit facility and recorded an impairment loss of \$67.8 million (\$49.9 million, net of income taxes) on its Eagle Gold mine royalty interest.

During the fourth quarter of 2023, the Company sold its equity investment in Osisko Mining Inc. for net proceeds of \$127.9 million and used the funds to partially repay its outstanding revolving credit facility. The Company also incurred an impairment charge of \$23.5 million on the Tintic stream and \$64.5 million on the equity investment in Osisko Development.

During the second quarter of 2023, the Company, through Osisko Bermuda, acquired silver and copper streams on the CSA mine for US\$150.0 million (\$198.8 million) and common shares in Metals Acquisition, who acquired the CSA mine, for US\$40.0 million (\$50.0 million). The transaction was financed from cash on hand (approximately 30%) and from a drawdown on the revolving credit facility.

During the fourth quarter of 2022, Osisko repaid its convertible debentures for \$300.0 million using \$150.0 million from its cash balance and drew on its revolving credit facility for the balance.

During the third quarter of 2022, Osisko deconsolidated Osisko Development. Refer to the *Basis of Presentation of Consolidated Financial Statements* section of the MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2023 for more details.

⁽²⁾ The comparative figures of the third quarter of 2022 have been restated to conform to the actual single segment presentation and the discontinued operations (refer to the Basis of Presentation of Consolidated Financial Statements section of the MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2023 for more details). The figures presented are for the continuing operations only.

Segment Disclosure

The President and Chief Executive Officer (chief operating decision-maker) organizes and manages the business under a single operating segment, consisting of acquiring and managing precious metals and other royalties, streams and other interests. All of the Company's assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses and cash flows are attributable to this single operating segment. The following tables present segmented information for this single segment.

Geographic revenues

Geographic revenues from the sale of precious metals and other commodities received or acquired from in-kind royalties, streams and other interests are determined by the location of the mining operations giving rise to the royalty, stream or other interest. For the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, royalty, stream and other interest revenues were earned from the following jurisdictions (in thousands of dollars):

	North America ⁽ⁱ⁾	South America	Australia	Africa	Europe	Total
_	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<u>2024</u>						
Royalties Streams	90,076 5,442	561 15,193	143 7,849	-	- 6,333	90,780 34,817
<u>-</u>	95,518	15,754	7,992	-	6,333	125,597
<u>2023</u>						
Royalties Streams	77,401 18,425	725 18,265	89 -	286 -	- 4,896	78,501 41,586
<u>_</u>	95,826	18,990	89	286	4,896	120,087

⁽i) 91% of North America's revenues were generated from Canada during the six months ended June 30, 2024 (91% during the six months ended June 30, 2023).

For the six months ended June 30, 2024, two royalty and stream interests generated revenues of \$68.6 million (three royalty and stream interests generated revenues of \$74.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023), which represented 55% of revenues (62% of revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2023), including one royalty interest that generated revenues of \$53.4 million (\$43.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023).

For the six months ended June 30, 2024, revenues generated from precious metals represented almost 100% of total revenues. For the six months ended June 30, 2023, revenues generated from precious metals and diamonds represented 88% and 11% of total revenues, respectively.

Geographic net assets

The following table summarizes the royalty, stream and other interests by jurisdiction, as at June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, which is based on the location of the properties related to the royalty, stream or other interests (in thousands of dollars):

	North America ⁽ⁱ⁾	South America	Australia	Africa	Asia	Europe	Total
•	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
June 30, 2024							
Royalties Streams Offtakes	564,342 188,107	182,814 164,359 -	11,383 197,164 9,674	71,809 - -	30,522 5,069	14,868 46,390 -	845,216 626,542 14,743
	752,449	347,173	218,221	71,809	35,591	61,258	1,486,501
December 31,	2023						
Royalties Streams Offtakes	638,871 185,912 -	182,858 163,149 -	11,257 194,267 9,348	71,809 - -	- 29,494 4,899	14,868 46,379 -	919,663 619,201 14,247
	824,783	346,007	214,872	71,809	34,393	61,247	1,553,111

⁽i) 78% of North America's net interests are located in Canada as at June 30, 2024 (80% as at December 31, 2023).

Related Party Transactions

As at June 30, 2024, notes receivable from associates of US\$10.6 million (\$14.5 million) are included in short-term investments (US\$6.2 million) as at December 31, 2023).

Contractual Obligations and Commitments

Investments in royalty and stream interests

As at June 30, 2024, significant commitments related to the acquisition of royalties and streams are detailed in the following table⁽ⁱ⁾. The Company intends to meet these commitments by using its cash balance, from its expected operating cash flows to be generated from its operations and/or by drawdowns on its revolving credit facility.

Company	Project (asset)	Installments	Triggering events
Gold Resource Corporation	Back Forty project (gold stream)	US\$5.0 million	Receipt of all material permits for the construction and operation of the project.
	(3)	US\$25.0 million	Pro rata to drawdowns with construction finance facility.
Falco Resources Ltd.	Horne 5 project (silver stream)	\$45.0 million	Receipt of all necessary material third-party approvals, licenses, rights of way, surface rights on the property and all material construction permits, positive construction decision, and raising a minimum of \$100.0 million in non-debt financing.
		\$60.0 million	Upon total projected capital expenditure having been demonstrated to be financed.
		\$40.0 million (optional)	Payable with fourth installment, at sole election of Osisko, to increase the silver stream to 100% of payable silver (from 90%).

⁽i) On July 15, 2024, the Company announced that Osisko Bermuda entered into a gold stream with reference to gold production from the Cascabel copper-gold project for a total acquisition cost of US\$225 million, including US\$215 million payable upon the operator achieving certain milestones. Refer to the Subsequent Events to June 30, 2024 section of this MD&A for details on the investment commitments.

Stream and offtake purchase agreements

The following table summarizes the significant commitments related to producing assets and assets in advance stage of development to pay for gold and silver to which Osisko has the contractual right pursuant to the associated precious metals purchase agreements, as at June 30, 2024:

	Attributable payable production to be purchased		Per ounce/carat cash payment (US\$)		Term of agreement	Date of contract
Interest	Silver	Other	Silver	Other		_
CSA streams (1)	100%	3.0 - 4.875% (Copper)	4%	4%	Life of mine	June 2023
Gibraltar stream (2)	87.5%		nil		Life of mine	March 2018 Amended June 2023
Mantos Blancos Stream (3)	100%		8% spot		Life of mine	September 2015 Amended Aug. 2019
Renard stream (4)		9.6% (Diamonds)		Lesser of 40% of sales price or \$40	40 years	July 2014 Amended Oct. 2018
Sasa stream (5)	100%		\$6.69		40 years	November 2015

- (1) Osisko Bermuda will receive refined silver equal to 100% of the payable silver produced from the CSA mine for the life of the mine, and will be entitled to receive refined copper equal to 3.0% of payable copper produced from the CSA mine until the 5th anniversary of the agreements, then 4.875% of payable copper produced from the CSA mine until 33,000 metric tonnes have been delivered in aggregate, and thereafter 2.25% of payable copper produced from the CSA mine for the remaining life of the mine. On the 5th anniversary of the closing date (June 15, 2023), Metals Acquisition will have the option to exercise certain buy-down rights by paying a one-time cash payment to Osisko Bermuda of US\$20.0 million to US\$40.0 million. If the option is exercised, Osisko Bermuda will still be entitled to receive refined copper equal to 3.25% 4.0625% of payable copper produced from the CSA mine until 23,900 to 28,450 metric tonnes have been delivered in aggregate, and thereafter 1.5% 1.875% of payable copper produced from the CSA mine for the remaining life of the mine.
- (2) Osisko will receive from Taseko an amount of silver production equal to 87.5% of Gibraltar mine's production, until reaching the delivery to Osisko of 6.3 million ounces of silver, and 30.625% of production thereafter. As of June 30, 2024, a total of 1.4 million ounces of silver have been delivered under the stream agreement.
- (3) The stream percentage shall be payable on 100% of silver until 19,300,000 ounces have been delivered, after which the stream percentage will be 40%. As of June 30, 2024, a total of 6.1 million ounces of silver have been delivered to Osisko Bermuda under the stream agreement.
- (4) On October 27, 2023, Stornoway announced it was temporarily suspending operations and placing itself under the protection of the Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act.
- (5) Price subject to the lesser of 3% or inflation over the previous calendar year measured by the consumer price index (CPI) per ounce price escalation after 2016.

Off-Balance Sheet Items

There are no significant off-balance sheet arrangements, other than the contractual obligations and commitments mentioned above.

Outstanding Share Data

As of August 6, 2024, 186,229,186 common shares and 2,858,142 share options were issued and outstanding.

Subsequent Events to June 30, 2024

Cascabel stream acquisition

On July 15, 2024, the Company announced that its wholly-owned subsidiary, Osisko Bermuda, in partnership with Franco-Nevada (Barbados) Corporation ("FNB"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Franco-Nevada Corporation, has entered into a definitive Purchase and Sale Agreement (Gold) (the "Gold Stream") with SolGold plc and certain of its wholly-owned subsidiaries (collectively, "SolGold"), with reference to gold production from SolGold's 100%-owned Cascabel copper-gold project located in Ecuador ("Cascabel").

Pursuant to the terms of the Gold Stream, Osisko Bermuda and FNB (collectively, the "Stream Purchasers") will make initial deposits totaling US\$100 million to SolGold in three equal tranches to fund the Cascabel's pre-construction costs (the "Pre-Construction Deposit"). The first tranche of the Pre-Construction Deposit was funded at closing, with the two subsequent tranches subject to achievement of key development milestones. Thereafter, the Stream Purchasers will make additional deposits totaling US\$650 million to SolGold to fund construction costs once Cascabel is fully financed and further derisked (the "Construction Deposit", and together with the Pre-Construction Deposit, the "Deposit"). Osisko Bermuda will provide 30% of the Deposit (US\$225 million, comprised of US\$30 million in Pre-Construction Deposit and US\$195 million in Construction Deposit) in exchange for a 30% interest in the Gold Stream and FNB will provide 70% of the Deposit in exchange for a 70% interest in the Gold Stream.

The deposit is payable as follows:

- US\$10 million at closing;
- US\$10 million on achievement of operational milestones, including execution of the amended investment
 protection agreement, completion of geotechnical drilling and finalization of the tailings storage facility design
 sufficient for a minimum of 10 years of operation;
- US\$10 million on achievement of operational milestones, including submission of all final permit applications for the construction and operation of the project; and
- US\$195 million payable pro rata drawdowns with construction facility.

Osisko Bermuda will purchase refined gold equal to 6% of the contained gold produced from Cascabel until 225,000 ounces of gold have been delivered to it, and 3.6% thereafter for the remaining life of the mine. Osisko Bermuda will make ongoing cash payments for refined gold delivered equal to 20% of the spot price of gold at the time of delivery.

Revolving credit facility

Subsequently to June 30, 2024, the Company repaid a total amount of \$13.8 million (US\$10.0 million) on its revolving credit facility.

Dividends

On August 6, 2024, the Board of Directors declared a quarterly dividend of \$0.065 per common share payable on October 15, 2024 to shareholders of record as of the close of business on September 30, 2024.

Risks and Uncertainties

The Company is a royalty, stream, and offtake interests holder and investor that operates in an industry that is subject to a number of risk factors that include environmental, legal and political risks, the discovery of economically recoverable resources and the conversion of these mineral resources to mineral reserves and the ability of third-party partners to maintain an economic production. An investment in the Company's securities is subject to a number of risks and uncertainties. An investor should carefully consider the risks described in Osisko's most recent Annual Information Form and the other information filed with the Canadian securities regulators and the U.S Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). If any of such described risks occur, or if others occur, the Company's business, operating results and financial condition could be seriously harmed and investors may lose a significant proportion of their investment.

There are important risks which management believes could impact the Company's business. For information on risks and uncertainties, please also refer to the *Risk Factors* section of Osisko's most recent Annual Information Form filed on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca and on EDGAR at www.sec.gov.

Disclosure Controls and Procedures and Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Chief Executive Officer (the "CEO") and the Chief Financial Officer (the "CFO") of the Company are responsible for establishing and maintaining the Company's disclosure controls and procedures ("DCP") including adherence to the Disclosure Policy adopted by the Company. The Disclosure Policy requires all staff to keep senior management fully apprised of all material information affecting the Company so that they may evaluate and discuss this information and determine the appropriateness and timing for public disclosure.

The Company maintains DCP designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in reports filed under applicable Canadian securities laws and the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the appropriate time periods and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the CEO and CFO, to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

In designing and evaluating DCP, the Company recognizes that any disclosure controls and procedures, no matter how well conceived or operated, can only provide reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met, and management is required to exercise its judgement in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

The CEO and CFO have evaluated whether there were changes to the DCP during the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the DCP. No such changes were identified through their evaluation.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

The Company's management, including the CEO and the CFO, are responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting ("ICFR") for the Company to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards. The fundamental issue is ensuring all transactions are properly authorized and identified and entered into a well-designed, robust and clearly understood accounting system on a timely basis to minimize risk of inaccuracy, failure to fairly reflect transactions, failure to fairly record transactions necessary to present financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards, unauthorized receipts and expenditures, or the inability to provide assurance that unauthorized acquisitions or dispositions of assets can be detected.

The Company's ICFR may not prevent or detect all misstatements because of inherent limitations. Additionally, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because changes in conditions or deterioration in the degree of compliance with the Company's policies and procedures.

The CEO and CFO have evaluated whether there were changes to the ICFR during the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the ICFR. No such changes were identified through their evaluation.

Basis of Presentation of Consolidated Financial Statements

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the IASB applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements under IAS 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*. The condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, which have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the IASB. The accounting policies, methods of computation and presentation applied in these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements are consistent with those of the previous financial year.

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are currently effective requirements or forthcoming requirements. Certain of these standards are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's current or future reporting periods and are therefore not discussed herein, with the exception of the amendments to IAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements (Non-current Liabilities with Covenants), the issuance of IFRS 18, Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements, and the amendments to IFRS 9, Financial Instruments and IFRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures, which are discussed below.

Amendments - IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements (Non-current Liabilities with Covenants)

Amendments made to IAS 1 in 2020 and 2022 clarified that liabilities are classified as either current or non-current, depending on the rights that exist at the end of the reporting period. Classification is affected by the entity's expectations or events after the reporting date (e.g. the receipt of a waiver or a breach of covenant).

Covenants of loan arrangements will not affect classification of a liability as current or non-current at the reporting date if the entity must only comply with the covenants after the reporting date. However, if the entity must comply with a covenant either before or at the reporting date, this will affect the classification as current or non-current even if the covenant is only tested for compliance after the reporting date.

The amendments require disclosures if an entity classifies a liability as non-current and that liability is subject to covenants that the entity must comply with within 12 months of the reporting date. The disclosures include:

- the carrying amount of the liability;
- information about the covenants: and
- facts and circumstances, if any, that indicate that the entity may have difficulty complying with the covenants.

The amendments also clarify what IAS 1 means when it refers to the "settlement" of a liability. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the transfer of the entity's own equity instrument can only be ignored for the purpose of classifying the liability as current or non-current if the entity classifies the option as an equity instrument. However, conversion options that are classified as a liability must be considered when determining the current/non-current classification of a convertible note.

The amendments must be applied retrospectively in accordance with the normal requirements in IAS 8 *Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors* and are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024. These amendments did not have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024.

IFRS 18 - Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

In April 2024, the IASB issued IFRS 18, the new standard on presentation and disclosure in financial statements, with a focus on updates to the statement of profit or loss. IFRS 18 was issued in response to investors' concerns about the comparability and transparency of entities' performance reporting. The new requirements introduced in IFRS 18 will help to achieve comparability of the financial performance of similar entities, especially related to how 'operating profit or loss' is defined. The new disclosures required for some management-defined performance measures will also enhance transparency. The key new concepts introduced in IFRS 18 relate to:

- the structure of the statement of profit or loss;
- required disclosures in the financial statements for certain profit or loss performance measures that are reported outside an entity's financial statements (that is, management-defined performance measures); and
- enhanced principles on aggregation and disaggregation which apply to the primary financial statements and notes in general.

IFRS 18 will replace IAS 1; many of the other existing principles in IAS 1 are retained, with limited changes. IFRS 18 will not impact the recognition or measurement of items in the financial statements, but it might change what an entity reports as its 'operating profit or loss'.

IFRS 18 will apply for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027 and also applies to comparative information. Management has not yet evaluated the impact that this new standard will have on its consolidated financial statements.

Amendments - IFRS 9, Financial Instruments and IFRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures

On May 30, 2024, the IASB issued targeted amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7, which respond to recent questions arising in practice. The amendments were issued to:

- clarify the date of recognition and derecognition of some financial assets and liabilities, with a new exception for some financial liabilities settled through an electronic cash transfer system;
- clarify and add further guidance for assessing whether a financial asset meets the solely payments of principal and interest criterion;
- add new disclosures for certain instruments with contractual terms that can change cash flows; and
- update disclosures for equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The new requirements will apply from January 1, 2026, with early application permitted. Management has not yet evaluated the impact that this new standard will have on its consolidated financial statements.

Critical Accounting Estimates and Significant Judgements

Estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The determination of estimates requires the exercise of judgement based on various assumptions and other factors such as historical experience and current and expected economic conditions. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions as well as significant judgements in applying the Company's accounting policies are detailed in the notes to the audited consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, filed on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca, EDGAR at www.sec.gov and on Osisko's website at www.osiskogr.com.

Financial Instruments

All financial instruments are required to be measured at fair value on initial recognition. The fair value is based on quoted market prices, unless the financial instruments are not traded in an active market. In this case, the fair value is determined by using valuation techniques like discounted cash flows, the Black-Scholes option pricing model or other valuation techniques. Measurement in subsequent periods depends on the classification of the financial instrument. A description of financial instruments and their fair value is included in the notes to the audited consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 and in the interim unaudited consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, both filed on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca, EDGAR at www.sec.gov and on Osisko's website at www.sec.gov and

Technical Information

The scientific and technical information contained in this MD&A has been reviewed and approved by Mr. Guy Desharnais, Ph.D., P.Geo, Vice President, Project Evaluation at Osisko, who is a "Qualified Person" ("QP") as defined in National Instrument 43-101 – Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects.

Non-IFRS Financial Performance Measures

The Company has included certain performance measures in this MD&A that do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS Accounting Standards including (i) cash margin (in dollars and in percentage of revenues), (ii) adjusted earnings and (iii) adjusted earnings per basic share. The presentation of these non-IFRS measures is intended to provide additional information and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards. These measures are not necessarily indicative of operating profit or cash flow from operations as determined under IFRS Accounting Standards. As Osisko's operations are primarily focused on precious metals, the Company presents cash margins and adjusted earnings as it believes that certain investors use this information, together with measures determined in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards, to evaluate the Company's performance in comparison to other companies in the precious metals mining industry who present results on a similar basis. However, other companies may calculate these non-IFRS measures differently.

During the fourth quarter of 2023, the following changes were made to the composition of adjusted earnings:

- (i) total gains and losses on investments on the statement of income (loss) are now excluded from net earnings (loss); prior to this change, only the unrealized gains and losses on investments were excluded from net earnings (loss);
- (ii) total foreign exchange gains and losses on the statement of income (loss) are now excluded from net earnings (loss); prior to this change, only the foreign exchange gains and losses adjustments from operation activities on the statement of cash flows were excluded from net earnings (loss);
- (iii) the tax impact of all adjustments in the calculation of adjusted earnings is now considered; prior to this change, the total deferred income taxes on the statement of earnings (loss) was excluded from net earnings (loss).

These changes in the manner in which the Company calculates adjusted earnings were made to align the calculations with its peers and facilitate the comparison with these companies. These changes also affect indirectly adjusted earnings per basic share because they are calculated from adjusted earnings. Quarterly comparative figures have been restated to reflect the current composition of adjusted earnings.

Cash margin (in dollars and in percentage of revenues)

Cash margin (in dollars) represents revenues less cost of sales (excluding depletion). Cash margin (in percentage of revenues) represents the cash margin (in dollars) divided by revenues. A reconciliation of the cash margin per type of interests (in dollars and in percentage of revenues) is presented under the *Overview of Financial Results* section of this MD&A.

Adjusted earnings and adjusted earnings per basic share

Adjusted earnings is defined as: net earnings (loss), adjusted for certain items: foreign exchange gains (losses), impairment charges and reversal related to royalty, stream and other interests, changes in allowance for expected credit losses, write-offs and impairment of investments, gains (losses) on disposal of assets, gains (losses) on investments, share of income (loss) of associates, transaction costs and other items such as non-cash gains (losses), as well as the impact of income taxes on these items. Adjusted earnings per basic share is obtained from the adjusted earnings divided by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period.

	Th	ree months ended June 30,	Si	x months ended June 30,
	2024	2023	2024	2023
(in thousands of dollars, except per share amounts)	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net (loss) earnings	(21,115)	17,961	(6,042)	38,809
Adjustments:				
Impairment of royalty interests	67,832	6,629	67,832	6,629
Foreign exchange loss	1,069	172	4,319	153
Share of loss (income) of associates Changes in allowance for expected	3,117	(19,167)	16,675	(13,022)
credit losses and write-offs		19,860	(1,895)	20,131
Loss (gain) on investments	355	4,066	(1,033)	1,969
Tax impact of adjustments	(18,093)	(2,300)	(17,909)	(2,293)
Adjusted earnings	33,165	27,221	62,879	52,376
Weighted average number of				
common shares outstanding (000's)	186,217	185,302	186,009	184,990
	,	,	,	,
Adjusted earnings per basic share	0.18	0.15	0.34	0.28

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements contained in this MD&A may be deemed "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and "forward-looking information" within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities legislation. Forward-looking statements are statements other than statements of historical fact, that address, without limitation, future events, production estimates of Osisko's assets (including increase of production), the revised 2024 guidance on GEOs and cash margin included under "Revised Guidance for 2024" and other guidance based on disclosure from operators, timely developments of mining properties over which Osisko has royalties, streams, offtakes and investments, management's expectations regarding Osisko's growth, results of operations, estimated future revenues, production costs, carrying value of assets, ability to continue to pay dividend, requirements for additional capital, business prospects and opportunities, future demand for and fluctuation of prices of commodities (including outlook on gold, silver, diamonds, other commodities) currency, markets and general market conditions. In addition, statements and estimates (including data in tables) relating to mineral reserves and resources and statements and guidance as to gold equivalent ounces are forward-looking statements, as they involve implied assessment, based on certain estimates and assumptions, including the assumptions set out under "Revised Guidance for 2024", and no assurance can be given that the estimates or related revised guidance will be realized. Forward-looking statements are generally, but not always, identified by the words "expects", "plans", "anticipates", "believes", "intends", "estimates", "projects", "potential", "scheduled" and similar expressions or variations (including negative variations), or by statements that events or conditions "will", "would", "may", "could" or "should" occur. Forward-looking statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, most of which are beyond the control of Osisko, and actual results may accordingly differ materially from those in forward-looking statements. Such risk factors include, without limitation, (i) with respect to properties in which Osisko holds a royalty, stream or other interest; risks related to: (a) the operators of the properties, (b) timely development, permitting, construction, commencement of production, ramp-up (including operating and technical challenges), (c) differences in rate and timing of production from resource estimates or production forecasts by operators, (d) differences in conversion rate from resources to reserves and ability to replace resources, (e) the unfavorable outcome of any challenges or litigation relating to title, permit or license, (f) hazards and uncertainty associated with the business of exploring, development and mining including, but not limited to unusual or unexpected geological and metallurgical conditions, slope failures or caveins, flooding and other natural disasters or civil unrest or other uninsured risks; (ii) with respect to other external factors: (a) fluctuations in the prices of the commodities that drive royalties, streams, offtakes and investments held by Osisko, (b) fluctuations in the value of the Canadian dollar relative to the U.S. dollar, (c) regulatory changes by national and local governments, including permitting and licensing regimes and taxation policies, regulations and political or economic developments in any of the countries where properties in which Osisko holds a royalty, stream or other interest are located or through which they are held, (d) continued availability of capital and financing to Osisko or the operators of properties, and general economic, market or business conditions, and (e) responses of relevant governments to infectious diseases outbreaks and the effectiveness of such response and the potential impact of such outbreaks on Osisko's business, operations and financial condition; (iii) with respect to internal factors: (a) business opportunities that may or not become available to, or are pursued by Osisko, (b) the integration of acquired assets or (c) the determination of Osisko's Passive Foreign Investment Company ("PFIC") status. The forward-looking statements contained in this MD&A are based upon assumptions management believes to be reasonable, including, without limitation: the absence of significant change in the Company's ongoing income and assets relating to determination of its PFIC status; the absence of any other factors that could cause actions, events or results to differ from those anticipated, estimated or intended and, with respect to properties in which Osisko holds a royalty, stream or other interest, (i) the ongoing operation of the properties by the owners or operators of such properties in a manner consistent with past practice and with public disclosure (including forecast of production), (ii) the accuracy of public statements and disclosures made by the owners or operators of such underlying properties (including expectations for the development of underlying properties that are not yet in production), (iii) no adverse development in respect of any significant property, (iv) that statements and estimates relating to mineral reserves and resources by owners and operators are accurate and (v) the implementation of an adequate plan for integration of acquired assets.

For additional information on risks, uncertainties and assumptions, please refer to the most recent Annual Information Form of Osisko filed on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca and EDGAR at www.sec.gov which also provides additional general assumptions in connection with these statements. Osisko cautions that the foregoing list of risk and uncertainties is not exhaustive. Investors and others should carefully consider the above factors as well as the uncertainties they represent and the risk they entail. Osisko believes that the assumptions reflected in those forward-looking statements are reasonable, but no assurance can be given that these expectations will prove to be accurate as actual results and prospective events could materially differ from those anticipated such the forward-looking statements and such forward-looking statements included in this MD&A are not guarantee of future performance and should not be unduly relied upon. In this MD&A, Osisko relies on information publicly disclosed by other issuers and third-parties pertaining to its assets and, therefore, assumes no liability for such third-party public disclosure. These statements speak only as of the date of this MD&A. Osisko undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, other than as required by applicable law.

Cautionary Note to U.S. Investors Regarding the Use of Mineral Reserve and Mineral Resource Estimates

Osisko is subject to the reporting requirements of the applicable Canadian securities laws, and as a result, reports its mineral resources and reserves according to Canadian standards. Canadian reporting requirements for disclosure of mineral properties are governed by National Instrument 43-101 ("NI 43-101"). The definitions of NI 43-101 are adopted from those described by the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum ("CIM"). In a number of cases Osisko has disclosed resource and reserve estimates covering properties related to the mining assets that are not based on CIM definitions, but instead have been prepared in reliance upon JORC and S-K 1300 (collectively, the "Acceptable Foreign Codes"). Estimates based on Acceptable Foreign Codes are recognized under NI 43-101 in certain circumstances. New mining disclosure rules under Subpart 1300 of Regulation S-K ("S-K 1300") became mandatory for U.S. reporting companies beginning with the first fiscal year commencing on or after January 1, 2021. CIM definitions are not identical to those of the Acceptable Foreign Codes, the resource and reserve definitions and categories are substantively the same as the CIM definitions mandated in NI 43-101 and will typically result in reporting of substantially similar reserve and resource estimates. Nonetheless, readers are cautioned that there are differences between the terms and definitions of the CIM and the Acceptable Foreign Codes, and there is no assurance that mineral reserves or mineral resources would be identical had the owner or operator prepared the reserve or resource estimates under another code. As such, certain information contained in this MD&A concerning descriptions of mineralization and estimates of mineral reserves and mineral resources under Canadian standards is not comparable to similar information made public by United States companies subject to the S-K 1300. Readers are cautioned not to assume that all or any part of Measured Mineral Resources or Indicated Mineral Resources will ever be converted into Mineral Reserves. Readers are also cautioned not to assume that all or any part of an Inferred Mineral Resource exists, or is economically or legally mineable. Further, an "Inferred Mineral Resource" has a great amount of uncertainty as to its existence and as to its economic and legal feasibility, and a reader cannot assume that all or any part of an Inferred Mineral Resource will ever be upgraded to a higher category. Under Canadian rules, estimates of Inferred Mineral Resources may not form the basis of feasibility or other economic studies.

Corporate Information

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Brendan Pidcock, Vice President, Engineering
Frédéric Ruel, Vice President, Finance and Chief
Financial Officer

Heather Taylor, Vice President, Sustainability and Communications

Qualified Person (as defined by NI 43-101)

Guy Desharnais, Ph.D., P.Geo, Vice President, Project Evaluation

Exchange listings - common shares

Toronto Stock Exchange: OR New York Stock Exchange: OR

Dividend Reinvestment Plan

Information available at http://osiskogr.com/en/dividends/drip/

Transfer Agents

Canada: TSX Trust Company (Canada)

United States of America: American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, LLC

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP